## Training & Education for the Homeland **Security Intelligence Community**

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What is the state of training and education in the intelligence community, what are core competencies for analysts, and how can training be improved in the future?

Intelligence is vital to the national security framework advanced by the Department of Homeland Security (DHS). The intelligence mission spans 17 DHS components tasked with various elements of our nation's protection, as well as multiple agencies across the broader intelligence community (IC). Building and strengthening the DHS workforce in counterterrorism operations starts with effectively trained and educated intelligence workers.

## TRAINING AND **EDUCATION CHALLENGES**

To effectively train intelligence analysts, DHS must navigate seven core challenges:

**Core competencies** Specialized training Lack of standardized DHS intelligence core competencies across the Department.

Lack of or difficult to attend specialized training needed for an analyst to perform their job in a specific functional or mission area (e.g., open-source, forensics, cyber).

**Balancing demand Training delivery** Communication expectations Joint curriculum

Difficult to balance demands of training with operational needs.

Challenges in delivering training to a distributed workforce.

Challenges in defining DHS training expectations and communicating training opportunities across and the components.

Challenges in developing joint curriculum and training for the IC and law enforcement.

Challenges in collective identity (across DHS components, state & local, law enforcement & IC).

INTELLIGENCE **ANALYST** COMPETENCIES

Intelligence analysts working within DHS and its components should have six basic Core Intelligence Analysis Competencies as well as **Intelligence Fundamental Skills:** 



Identity











Analytical Writing

Communication

**Critical Thinking and Reasoning Methods** 

Collaboration

**Project** Management

Basic **Technology** 

Familiarity with national intelligence structures and policy, the intelligence cycle, and intelligence writing and analytic tools

## RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE FUTURE

- 1. Develop a standardized core intelligence analyst competencies matrix
- 2. Integrate core intelligence analyst competencies matrix into the DHS performance/learning management system
- 3. Engage with IC and DHS centers of academic excellence to meet hiring and educational needs
- 4. Provide a mandatory core intelligence analyst competencies online course during onboarding
- 5. Improve retention and merit-based advancements through educational opportunities

METHOD These findings are based on a two-pronged research approach involving

- 1) interviews with IC members including many DHS participants and
- 2) in-depth research and domain analysis drawing on academic literature and published government reports.

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