# **Chemical Storage and Segregation Fact Sheet**

Class of Chemicals	Common Chemical Examples	Additional Concerns and Storage Recommendations	Common Incompatible Chemical Types	Possible Reaction if Mixed/Health Concerns
Corrosive Acids-Organic	Acetic Acid Glacial Acetic Acid Butyric Acid Trifluoroacetic Acid Picric Acid Propionic Acid Formic Acid	Store in ventilated corrosives cabinet on protected shelving using secondary containment, keep away from water sources *Do not store under the sink *Do not store acids on metal shelving	Flammable Liquids Flammable Solids Bases Oxidizers Inorganic Acids Cyanides Sulfides Poisons/Toxins	Heat Gas Generation Violent Reaction * DO NOT POUR WATER INTO ACID
Corrosive Acids-Inorganic	Nitric Acid Sulfuric Acid Perchloric Acid Phosphoric Acid Hydrochloric Acid Chromic Acid Hydrofluoric Acid	Store concentrated Nitric acid (≥68%) and Sulfuric acid (≥93%) in a secondary container Store in a corrosive cabinet labeled "Acid" or on shelving using a secondary containment *Do not store under the sink *Do not store acids on metal shelving *Hydrofluoric acid should be stored in an area accessible only by authorized personnel; do not store in glass; use plastic containers and secondary containment	Flammable Liquids Flammable Solids Bases Oxidizers Organic Acids Cyanides Sulphides Poisons/Toxins	Heat Gas Generation Violent Reaction *DO NOT POUR WATER INTO ACID *Perchloric acid vapor can form explosive compounds within fume hood ducts *Hydrofluoric acid can result in severe burns to skin and lungs
Corrosive Bases- Organic/Caustic	Hydroxylamine Tetramethylethylamine Diamine Triethylamine	Store in separate cabinet, preferably with ventilation, corrosive cabinet or storage area with a spill tray, away from potential water sources (DO NOT store under the sink)	Acids Oxidizers Flammable Liquids Flammable Solids Inorganic Bases Poisons/Toxins	Heat Gas Generation Violent Reaction
Corrosive Bases- Inorganic/Caustics	Ammonium Hydroxide Potassium Hydroxide Sodium Hydroxide Calcium Hydroxide	Store in separate cabinet, preferably with ventilation, corrosive cabinet or storage area with a spill tray, away from potential water sources (DO NOT store under the sink); Store solutions of inorganic hydroxides in labeled polyethylene containers	Acids Oxidizers Flammable Liquids Flammable Solids Organic Bases Poisons/Toxins	Heat Gas Generation Violent Reaction

Class of Chemicals	Common Chemical Examples	Additional Concerns and Storage Recommendations	Common Incompatible Chemicals Types	Possible Reaction if Mixed/Health Concerns
Flammable Solids	Charcoal Carbon Paraformaldehyde Phosphorus Magnesium	Keep in a dry, cool area away from oxidizers and corrosives	Acids Bases Oxidizers Poisons/Toxins	Fire Hazard Violent Reaction
Flammable Liquids	Ethanol, Ethyl Acetate, Methanol, Acetone, Benzene, Xylene, Toluene Diethyl Ether Tetrahydrofuran Acetonitrile Glacial Acetic Acid Acetone, and liquids with flashpoints < 100 F	Flammable storage cabinet or refrigerator rated for flammable/ hazardous storage/explosion proof *Peroxide-forming chemicals must be dated upon delivery and opening (two dates)	Oxidizers Acids Bases Reactives Poisons/Toxins	Fire Hazard Heat Violet Reaction
Poisons/Toxins	Chloroform Cyanides Heavy metal compounds (e.g. Cadmium, Mercury, Osmium, Oxalic Acid, Phenol, Formic Acid), Formamide, Carbon Tetracholride, 2- Mercaptoethanol Phenol,  *Hydrofluoric Acid - Hydrofluoric Acid is a highly acute poison  Acrylamide Ethidium Bromide Sodium Azide	Store in a dark, dry, ventilated, cool area in an unbreakable chemically resistant secondary container (polyethylene)  * Store volatile toxins with evaporation rate above 1.0 - (ether =1.0) in flammable cabinet; Store non-volatile liquid poisons in a refrigerator or cabinet; amounts less than 1 liter can be stored in a cabinet above bench level, ONLY if the cabinet has sliding doors (not swinging)	Flammable liquids Acids Bases Reactives Oxidizers Corrosives Please consult Division of Environmental Protection (DEP) for assistance *Hydrofluoric Acid should be stored in an area accessible only by authorized personnel; do not store in glass; use plastic containers and secondary containment	Generation of Toxic and Flammable Gas Combustion Heat Fire Hazard Explosion Hazard Violent Reaction Chloroform explosively reacts with chemically-reactive metals (e.g., Aluminum or Magnesium powder, Sodium, and Lithium), Strong Oxidizers, Strong Caustics (e.g., Alkalis), and decomposes in sunlight
Explosives	Picric Acid Ammonium Nitrate Nitro Urea Trinitroaniline Benzoyl Peroxide Trinitrobenzene Trinitrobenzoic Acid Trinitrotoluene Urea Nitrate Trinitrophenol Diazoisbutylnitrile	Store in a secure location away from other chemicals; store in an area away from friction or shock	Please consult the SDS and the DEP	Explosion Hazard Violent Reaction Heat Shock Friction

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Oxidizers	Peroxides, Nitrates, Perchlorates Permanganates Sodium Hypochlorite Ethyl Acetate, Iodine, Benzoyl Peroxide Potassium Dichromate Chlorates, Bromates, and Superoxides, Ammonium Persulfate, Ferric chloride	Store in secondary containment separately from combustibles and flammable materials	Combustibles Flammables Organic Materials Reducing Agents	Fire Hazard Gas Generation Toxic Gas
Peroxide Formers	Acrylonitrile Isopropyl Alcohol Ethers (e.g. Diethyl ether, Isopropyl Ether), Acetals and Ketals, especially Cyclic Ethers and those with primary and/or secondary Alkyl groups Aldehydes (e.g. Acetaldehyde, Benzaldehyde) Vinyl and Vinylidene compounds, Dienes Tetrahydrofuran Dioxane Butylated Hydroxytoluene (BHT) Isopropyl Ether	Store in airtight bottles, away from light and heat in a dark, cool dry area; avoid using containers with loose-fitting lids and ground glass stoppers; crystallization, discoloration, and formation or deposition of layers are signs a peroxide former may have become shock sensitive; do not use or move such containers: contact DEP; all bottles of peroxideforming chemicals must have the received date marked on the container; when the bottle is first opened, the container must be marked with the date opened	Always consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).	Explosion Hazard Violent Reaction Shock Sensitive Combustion (Exothermic Reaction)  If an old or expired container of a peroxide-forming chemical or reactive is found, do not move it.
Water Reactive	Sodium Metals Lithium Metals Potassium Metals Sodium Borohydride Alkali Metal Hydrides	Store in a dry, cool area away from potential spray from fire sprinklers and other water sources (DO NOT store under the sink)  Label this area for water-reactive storage	Aqueous solutions Oxidizers Please consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).	Heat Violent Reaction

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Flammable Compressed Gases	Methane Acetylene Butane Propane Hydrogen Silane Ethane Arsine Germane	Handle flammable compressed gases in a chemical fume hood  Store in well-ventilated areas; store away from oxidizers, open flames, sparks, and other sources of heat ignition; post NO SMOKING signs around storage area(s) or entrance(s) to storage room(s); flammable gases stored outdoors where ambient temperatures exceed 125 deg F (51.7 deg C) shall be protected from direct sunlight  Use a spark proof wrench to attach regulators and make other connections; install a flame/flash arrestor at the regulator outlet flow valve	Oxidizers Toxic Compressed Gases	Fire Hazard Explosion Hazard
Oxidizing Compressed Gases	Oxygen Chlorine Fluorine Nitrogen oxides Gas mixtures containing Oxygen higher than atmospheric concentrations	Store oxidizers separately from flammable gas containers or combustible materials; minimum separation requirement from these materials is 20 ft or a 5 ft noncombustible barrier with a fire resistance rating of at least 30 minutes  Clean equipment used for oxygen and nitrous oxide with oxygencompatible materials free from oils, greases, and other contaminants  Fluorine shall be handled in specially passivated containers and associated equipment	Flammable Compressed Gases Toxic Compressed Gases	Fire Hazard Explosion Hazard
Toxic Compressed Gases	Carbon Monoxide Hydrogen Chloride Hydrogen Sulfide Nitrogen Dioxide	Handle toxic compressed gases in a chemical fume hood  Indoor storage or use of toxic compressed gases shall be provided with a gas cabinet, exhausted enclosure, or gas room  Refer to the SDS information for additional guidance on the storage and compatibility requirements.	Flammable Compressed Gases Oxidizing Compressed Gases	Release of Toxic Gas Hydrogen Sulfide is a colorless, flammable, extremely hazardous gas with a "rotten egg" smell; Prolonged exposure may cause nausea, tearing of the eyes, headaches or loss of sleep, airway problems (bronchial constriction) in some asthma patients; possible fatigue, loss of appetite, headache, irritability, poor memory, dizziness, and slight conjunctivitis.

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Strong Reducing Agents	Acetyl Chloride Thionyl Chloride Maleic Anhydride Ferrous Sulfide	Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location Water reactive Segregate from all other chemicals	Please consult the specific SDS.	Please consult the specific SDS.
Carcinogens	Benzidine Beta-Naphthylamine Benzene Methylene Chloride Beta-Propiolactone Carbon Tetrachloride	Label all containers as "Cancer Suspect Agents" or the equivalent. Store according to the hazardous nature of the chemical, using appropriate security when necessary	Please consult the specific SDS.	Please consult the specific SDS.
Teratogens	Lead Compounds Mercury Compounds Benzene Aniline	Label all containers as "Suspect Reproductive Hazard" or "Reproductive Effecter" Store according to the hazardous nature of the chemical, using appropriate security when necessary	Aniline incompatible with Nitric Acid and hHdrogen Peroxide Please consult the specific SDS.	Please consult the specific SDS.
General Stock Chemicals	Sodium Bicarbonate Sodium Chloride Agar Salt buffer Most non-reactive salts	Store on shelves, or laboratory benches or shelving preferably behind glass doors and below eye level with like chemicals	Please consult the SDS.	Please consult the specific SDS.

For more information or questions, please reach out to UNO's Environmental Health and Safety Team at uno.ehs@nebraska.edu or 402-554-3596