

Perl Quick Reference

Common Perl Syntax



Scalars

Description	Syntax	Example(s)
Scalars	<i>Numbers, Strings(Text)</i>	10, 20.32, "Hello"
Declaring Scalar Variables	<code>my \$name;</code> <code>\$name = value;</code> OR <code>my \$name = value;</code>	<code>my \$number;</code> <code>\$number = 6;</code> <code>my \$name = 'John';</code>

Vectors

Description	Syntax	Example(s)
Vectors	<i>Arrays, Lists</i>	[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6] ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd']
Declaring Vector Variables	<code>my @name = (elements of List);</code>	<code>my @numbers = (5, 6, 7);</code> <code>my @names = ('John', 'Jane');</code>
Accessing & Changing Elements	<code>\$arrayName[index];</code> <code>\$arrayName[index] = value;</code> <i>*Indices start at 0!*</i>	<code>\$numbers[0]; ----> 5</code> <code>\$names[0] = 'Joe';</code>
Adding to back of array	<code>push(@arrayName, value);</code>	<code>push(@numbers, 8);</code> <code>push(@names, 'Robert');</code>
Remove from back of array	<code>pop(@arrayName);</code>	<code>pop(@numbers);</code> <code>pop(@names);</code>
Add to front of array	<code>unshift(@arrayName, value);</code>	<code>unshift(@numbers, 4);</code> <code>unshift(@names, 'Mark');</code>
Remove from front of array	<code>shift(@arrayName);</code>	<code>shift(@numbers);</code> <code>shift(@names);</code>

Arithmetic Operators

Description	Syntax	Example(s)
Add, Subtract, Multiply, Divide	<code>+, -, *, /</code>	<code>5 + 2, 5 - 2, 5 * 2, 5 / 2</code>
Modulus (Think Remainder)	<code>%</code>	<code>5 % 2 = 1</code> <code>6 % 4 = 2</code> <code>10 % 10 = 0</code>

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Comparison

Description	Syntax	Example(s)
Inequality Signs	<code><, >, <=, >=</code>	<code>3 < 5, 5 > 3, 9 >= 9, 7 <= 7</code>
Equality Signs	<code>==, !=, ~~</code>	<code>3 == 3, 7 != 10</code>

Input/Output

Description	Syntax	Example(s)
Printing with Single Quotes	<code>print 'Text to be printed';</code>	<code>print 'Hello World!';</code>
Printing with Double Quotes	<code>print "\$variable other text"</code>	<code>\$greeting = 'Hello'; print "\$greeting World!";</code>
Printing with an implicit new line	<code>say "Text to be printed";</code>	<code>say "Hello World!"; say \$greeting;</code>
User Input (Diamond Operator)	<code>my \$variable = <>;</code>	<code>my \$number = <>;</code>
User Input with No New Lines	<code>chomp (my \$variable = <>);</code>	<code>chomp (my \$greeting = <>);</code>
Escape Characters	<code>\n (Newline), \t (Tab) *There are other characters!*</code>	<code>print 'Hello World!\n'; print 'Hello\tWorld!';</code>

Selection and Repetition Statements

Description	Syntax	Example(s)
if / elsif / else statements	<code>if (Condition) statement(s); elsif (Condition2) statement(s); else statement(s);</code>	<code>if (\$x < 4) print "x < 4"; elif \$x == 4 print "x == 4"; else print "x > 4";</code>
While Statements	<code>while (Condition) { statement(s) manipulate variable }</code>	<code>while (\$x < 5) { say \$x; \$x++; }</code>
For Statements	<code>for (start; stop; modify) { statement(s) }</code>	<code>for (\$x = 0; \$x < 5; \$x++) { say \$x; }</code>