Preparing graduates who are Dedicated Professionals, Reflective Scholars, and Responsible Citizens.
Welcome to UNO and the Clinical Practice Experience!

Thank you in advance for your professional commitment and dedication to student learning! The quality experience all clinical practice candidates will receive this semester will help ensure success as future educators.

UNO encourages a collaborative approach to clinical practice. The model utilizes instructional coaching and co-teaching throughout the experience. In collaborating to meet the needs of students, the cooperating teacher and the teacher candidate share responsibility for planning, instruction, and assessment. This allows for increased collaboration and reflection on teaching and learning. Coaching is strategically embedded throughout the experience by the university supervisor with support from the cooperating teacher.

Foundational to this model is the Team Development Workshop. This is an opportunity for the cooperating teacher, the teacher candidate, and the university supervisor to learn more about the model, get to know each other and start planning for the semester. Professionalizing the relationship among team members sets the foundation for a successful shared classroom.

The influence of a developing teacher working alongside an experienced and effective educator will result in a positive overall impact on students and their overall success in school. Thank you for your contributions towards education.

Sincerely,

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The University of Nebraska at Omaha is an equal opportunity educator and employer with a comprehensive plan for diversity.
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Conceptual Framework

DEDICATED PRACTITIONER

REFLECTIVE SCHOLAR

RESPONSIBLE CITIZEN
PHILOSOPHY, PURPOSE, AND GOALS

The College of Education's philosophy and purpose are grounded in the central principles identified by the faculty for preparing graduates who are dedicated practitioners, reflective scholars, and responsible citizens. Each of these central principles is described in this document. The descriptions focus on the knowledge, skills, and dispositions associated with each principle. Goals/outcomes related to these central principles are presented after each principle has been described.

Central Principle #1 - Dedicated Practitioners

As dedicated practitioners, our candidates integrate content knowledge, evidence-based practice, and learning theory to develop problem solving and critical thinking skills. This is an essential foundation for our candidates who engage in their professions, pursue life-long learning, and actively serve their communities.

As Dedicated Practitioners, our candidates...

Knowledge:
- have comprehensive knowledge of the content in their disciplines;
- know effective strategies and techniques in their disciplines;
- understand cognitive processes associated with learning, movement, and knowledge construction;
- understand best practices in assessments and assessments;

Skills:
- design instruction and interventions that are developmentally appropriate;
- apply multiple strategies and techniques to create opportunities for diverse learners;
- model problem solving, reflection, and critical thinking skills;
- use assessment and evaluation to inform best practice;

Dispositions:
- believe all individuals can learn, grow, change, and succeed;
- assume responsibility for their own learning and provide opportunities for others to do the same;
- model professionalism, responsibility, and reflection.

Central Principle #2 - reflective Scholars

As reflective scholars, our candidates learn to appreciate the continuity between theory and application and develop the ability to critique, analyze, conduct, and use apply research to generate and incorporate sustainable best practice. Candidates use a diverse array of inquiry methods to develop and determine their place within their evolving disciplines and changing communities. Our candidates use inquiry and reflection to make informed decisions and to recognize and articulate the ethical ramifications of research, inquiry, and practice.

As Reflective Scholars, our candidates...

Knowledge:
- understand methods of inquiry as tools for self-assessment, problem-solving, and decision-making;
- are cognizant of research and inquiry resources available on their campus, in their community, and within their discipline that support professional learning and development;
- understand the legal and ethical responsibilities of inquiry within their discipline;

Skills:
- make conscientious, explicit, and judicious use of research in their discipline;
- take part in critical examinations of tools and processes that help practitioners assess outcomes;
• use observation, information, inquiry, and reflection as sources for evaluating and implementing best practice;
• make connections to other fields of study relevant to their own discipline;
• use diverse methods of inquiry to address issues of social justice and become leaders and agents of change;
• evaluate and perform research in emerging new disciplines;

Dispositions:
• believe inquiry and reflection are life-long learning activities necessary for the improvement of practice;
• are committed to the learning, assessment, and reflection necessary for informed decision making;
• are able to identify and articulate their changing perceptions of themselves and their world as a result of inquiry and reflection;
• conduct themselves as professionals according to the legal and ethical standards of their disciplines.

Central Principle #3 - Responsible Citizens

As responsible citizens, our candidates understand that diversity encompasses all community environments, cultural backgrounds, and exceptional learning needs. Our candidates seek out multiple perspectives and act as advocates for equity through self-awareness, inclusive values, and cultural competence. Our candidates create and implement plans of action that positively impact their local, national, and global communities.

As Responsible Citizens, our candidates . . .

Knowledge
• recognize the importance of the social, historical, and political contexts in which they live, learn, and practice;
• understand organizations and their roles within the local, national, and global communities;
• comprehend how context, culture, and power impact learning needs in diverse communities;

Skills
• analyze and reflect on contemporary issues in light of the historical, philosophical, and sociological foundations of their disciplines;
• collaborate with individuals, families, cultural groups, and organizations to make informed and equitable decisions;
• participate actively in diverse professional and community organizations
• engage in programs and projects aimed at improving social conditions;

Dispositions
• are committed to democratic ideals and social justice;
• model sensitivity to all persons regardless of ability, race, ethnicity, cultural beliefs, socioeconomic status, gender, age, religion, or sexual orientation;
• appreciate the unique contributions of individuals, families, cultural groups, and organizations;
• believe they can make a positive difference.
InTASC STANDARDS

In addition to the Conceptual Framework, the UNO teacher candidate will demonstrate the core teaching standards as outlined by the Interstate Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium (InTASC). Those standards are grouped into four broad categories and are listed below. Candidates can review detailed explanations of the standards at: http://www.ccsso.org/

The Learner and Learning:

Standard #1: Learner Development. The teacher understands how children learn and develop, recognizing that patterns of learning and development vary individually within and across the cognitive, linguistic, social, emotional, and physical areas, and designs and implements developmentally appropriate and challenging learning experiences.

Standard #2: Learning Differences. The teacher uses understanding of individual differences and diverse communities to ensure inclusive learning environments that allow each learner to reach his/her full potential.

Standard #3: Learning Environments. The teacher works with learners to create environments that support individual and collaborative learning, encouraging positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation.

Content:

Standard #4: Content Knowledge. The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the discipline(s) he or she teaches and creates learning experiences that make these aspects of the discipline accessible and meaningful for learners.

Standard #5: Innovative Applications of Content. The teacher understands how to connect concepts and use differing perspectives to engage learners in critical/creative thinking and collaborative problem solving related to authentic local and global issues.

Instructional Practice:

Standard #6: Assessment. The teacher understands and uses multiple methods of assessment to engage learners in their own growth, to document learner progress, and to inform the teacher’s ongoing planning and instruction.

Standard #7: Planning for Instruction. The teacher draws upon knowledge of content areas, cross-disciplinary skills, learners, the community, and pedagogy to plan instruction that supports every student in meeting rigorous learning goals.

Standard #8: Instructional Strategies. The teacher understands and uses a variety of instructional strategies to encourage learners to develop deep understanding of content areas and their connections, and to build skills to access and appropriately apply information.

Professional Responsibilities:

Standard #9: Reflection and Continuous Growth. The teacher is a reflective practitioner who uses evidence to continually evaluate his/her practice, particularly the effects of his/her choices and actions on others (students, families, and other professionals in the learning community), and adapts practice to meet the needs of each learner.

Standard #10: Collaboration. The teacher collaborates with students, families, colleagues, other professionals, and community members to share responsibility for student growth and development, learning, and well-being.
Collaborative Teaching Model

What is it?
The collaborative teaching model is an alternative approach to the traditional clinical practice (student teaching) model. It applies the **best practices related to coaching and co-teaching**.

Why Collaborative Teaching?
Collaborative teaching establishes a model for field experiences and clinical practice that is responsive to the evolving relationships between PK-12 education and educator preparation programs.

- Cooperating teachers maintain their role as classroom leader; responsible for content, implementation, and management (curriculum fidelity)
- Administrators are assured that cooperating teachers retain control of instruction (accountability)
- Reduced student/teacher ratio better meets the teaching/learning needs in today’s diverse classrooms
- PK-12 student performance improves (statistically significant gains in four years of research)
- Partnerships between cooperating teachers and teacher candidates are strengthened
- Teacher candidates gain more skills and confidence in preparation for their first year of teaching
- Cooperating teachers provide guidance and quality feedback through co-planning and implementation of instruction

Goals for Collaborative Teaching
1. To enhance learning experiences for teacher candidates, cooperating teachers, and PK-12 students
2. To create a culture of shared responsibility (between the university and school districts) for student achievement (meaning the teacher candidate AND PK-12 students)
3. To maximize placement resources
4. To improve the readiness of the first-year teacher

Who is involved?

- **Cooperating Teacher**—a classroom teacher who will support, assess, and provide feedback to help the teacher candidate grow.

- **Teacher Candidate**—a student in educator preparation.

- **University Supervisor**—a coach from the university who will support, assess, and provide feedback on the teacher candidate’s growth.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strategy</th>
<th>Co-Teaching Strategies</th>
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| One Teach, One Observe| **Definition:** One teacher has primary responsibility while the other gathers specific observational information on students or the (instructing) teacher. The key to this strategy is to ensure the teacher doing the observation is monitoring specific behaviors.  
**Example:** One teacher observes students for their understanding of directions while the other leads.  
**Benefit:** Candidates have the ability to synthesize the actions of the cooperating teacher and discuss the actions as they happen. The initial structure of the observation builds background in addition to setting the foundation for relationship building and reflection. |
| One Teach, One Assist | **Definition:** One teacher has primary instructional responsibility while the other assists students with their work, monitors behaviors, and/or assists with formative assessments.  
**Example:** While one teacher has the instructional lead, the person assisting can be the “voice” for the students when they do not understand or are having difficulties.  
**Benefit:** An additional educator circulates throughout the room to provide assistance as needed. |
| Station Teaching      | **Definition:** The co-teaching pair divides the instructional content into parts. Each teacher instructs one of the groups. Groups then rotate or spend a designated amount of time at each station, often an independent station will be used along with the teacher-led stations.  
**Example:** One teacher leads a station where the students play a money math game, and then students rotate to the other teacher to purchase items and make change at a mock store.  
**Benefit:** Students can strategically be placed into groups. With smaller groups sizes and two teachers, more content can be covered in the same amount of time. This allows more time for guided practice and direct instruction. |
| Parallel Teaching     | **Definition:** Each teacher instructs half the students. The two teachers are addressing the same instructional material and presenting the material using the same teaching strategy.  
**Example:** Both teachers are leading a discussion on specific current events and the impact they have on our economy.  
**Benefit:** The greatest benefit to this approach is the reduction of student to teacher ratio. It gives both teachers active but separate instructional roles in the classroom and allows for intensive work with smaller groups of students. |
| Supplemental Teaching | **Definition:** This strategy allows one teacher to work with a large group of students, while the other teacher works with the rest of the students who need the information and/or materials re-taught, extended, or remediated.  
**Example:** One teacher may work with students who need re-teaching of a concept while the other teacher works with the rest of the students on enrichment.  
**Benefit:** This strategy allows one teacher to work with students at grade level, while the other teacher works with those students who need the information and/or materials re-taught, extended, or remediated. |
| Alternative/ Differentiated Teaching | **Definition:** This strategy provides two different approaches to teaching the same information. The learning outcome is the same for all students, however; the instructional methodology is different.  
**Example:** One teacher leads a station where the students write a persuasive piece on recycling and the other teacher has the students orally debate the benefits.  
**Benefit:** With smaller groups sizes and two teachers, teaching strategies can be specifically designed for learning styles and needs. |
| Team Teaching         | **Definition:** Well-planned, team-taught lessons exhibit an invisible flow of instruction with no prescribed division of authority. Using a team teaching strategy, both teachers are actively involved in the lesson. From the students’ perspective, there is no clearly defined leader – as both teachers share the instruction, are free to interject information, and available to assist students and answer questions.  
**Example:** Both instructors can share the reading of a story or text so that the students are hearing two voices.  
**Benefit:** With this strategy, students benefit from the combined knowledge and strengths of both teachers. Due to the relationship and the collaboration, students no longer recognize the difference between the cooperating teacher and teacher candidate. Students receive the most effective instruction, allowing both instructors to accept responsibility for student growth. |
| Solo Teaching         | Ultimately, teacher candidates become the lead of the classroom for a **minimum of two weeks**, but cooperating teachers remain actively engaged as co-teachers. When this occurs, the cooperating teacher continues to partner with the teacher candidate (providing feedback and guidance) rather than “giving away” the responsibility. This enhances the learning opportunities for PK-12 students, combines the knowledge and strengths of both teachers, and models a positive adult working relationship. |
Comparing and Contrasting Similar Practices

The strategies are not hierarchical. They can be used in any order and/or combined to best meet the needs of the students in the classroom.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Co-Teaching in Special Education</th>
<th>Commonalities</th>
<th>Co-Teaching during Clinical Practice</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>What is the purpose of the structure?</strong></td>
<td>To support all students</td>
<td>To support and coach an apprentice teacher into the field of education</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To deliver special education services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Who is involved?</strong></td>
<td>Two teachers sharing one classroom</td>
<td>One experienced educator (cooperating teacher) with one inexperienced educator (teacher candidate)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two experienced educators; a classroom teacher and a special education teacher</td>
<td></td>
<td>A university supervisor provides support for the cooperating teacher and coaches the teacher candidate throughout the experience. A final grade is assigned by the university supervisor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>What is the structure?</strong></td>
<td>Co-teaching strategies are used throughout the experience in addition to solo teaching.</td>
<td>The structure, time, and duration are based on the parameters of the placement; for example all day, every day for an entire semester</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The structure, time, and placement are based on student needs. Timeframes vary from set periods to all day and may last an entire school year or longer.</td>
<td>• One teach, one observe &lt;br&gt; • One teach, one assist &lt;br&gt; • Station teaching &lt;br&gt; • Parallel teaching &lt;br&gt; • Supplemental teaching &lt;br&gt; • Alternative/Differentiated teaching &lt;br&gt; • Team teaching &lt;br&gt; • <strong>Solo teaching</strong></td>
<td>The triad (university supervisor, candidate, and cooperating teacher) attends a team development workshop. During initial meetings, focus is on developing the relationship between the triad members, creating the foundation for communication, collaboration, and planning for the upcoming semester. During solo teaching time (20-25% of the time), cooperating teachers may use this as an opportunity for constructive feedback and reflective conversations after the lesson.</td>
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<td>There may or may not be training provided for the co-teaching team.</td>
<td>Co-planning, co-teaching and co-assessing occur throughout the experience allowing for reflective conversations.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>How does it benefit those involved?</strong></td>
<td>• Greater student participation and engagement &lt;br&gt; • Additional instructional resources for diverse needs &lt;br&gt; • Enhanced collaboration skills &lt;br&gt; • Reduce student/teacher ratio &lt;br&gt; • Enhanced classroom management &lt;br&gt; • Increased student achievement &lt;br&gt; • Increased collaboration skills</td>
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# Strategy Identifier and Application

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<th>Identify &amp; Define:</th>
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<td>The strategy observed was ________________ because . . .</td>
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**Application:** How and why might you use it in your classroom?

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**Application:** How and why might you use it in your classroom?
Teacher Actions During Co-Teaching

**Co-Teaching is an attitude... an attitude of sharing the classroom and students. Co-teachers must always be thinking – we’re both teaching!**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The other can be doing this...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Observing:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Student understanding and/or questions (through body language, facial expressions, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Specific types of questions asked by instructing teacher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Specific student interactions and behaviors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Teacher movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Specific teacher behaviors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Specific student or group behaviors</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Charting:**               |
| • Where questions are directed within the classroom |
| • Gender of responders |
| • On-task/off-task behavior |
| • Teacher wait time |
| • Specific teacher behaviors or movements |
| • Specific student or group behaviors |

| **Circulating:**               |
| • Checking for comprehension |
| • Using proximity control for behavior management |
| • Providing one-on-one support as needed |

<p>| <strong>Collecting and reviewing last night’s homework</strong> |
| <strong>Introducing a social or study skill</strong> |
| <strong>Taking roll</strong> |
| <strong>Reviewing directions; modeling first problem on the assignment</strong> |
| <strong>Writing down instructions on board</strong> |
| <strong>Repeating or clarifying any difficult concepts</strong> |
| <strong>Passing out papers</strong> |
| <strong>Giving instructions orally</strong> |
| <strong>Facilitating a silent activity</strong> |
| <strong>Introducing a new concept to whole group</strong> |
| <strong>Asking clarifying questions</strong> |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If one teacher is...</th>
<th>The other can be doing this...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reading a test aloud to a group of students</td>
<td>Proctoring a test silently with a group of students</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explaining a new concept through discussion</td>
<td>Introducing a new concept through role play or modeling;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Providing enriching or extended activities on a concept already discussed in class</td>
<td>Re-teaching or reviewing an old concept with students who didn’t understand it</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Providing enriching or extended activities related to items on a test</td>
<td>Re-teaching or reviewing those concepts or questions that were missed on an exam with those students who missed those questions on the exam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Predicting what will happen next (in book or text) by brainstorming with a group of students using the projector</td>
<td>Predicting what will happen next (in a book or text) by showing objects that have already been introduced in the story and using them to predict what happens next</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Re-teaching or pre-teaching with a small group</td>
<td>Monitoring large group as they work on practice materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facilitating sustained silent reading</td>
<td>Reading aloud quietly with a small group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lecturing</td>
<td>Modeling note taking on the board/overhead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Running last minute copies or errands</td>
<td>Reviewing homework; providing a study or test-taking strategy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepping half of the class for one side of a debate</td>
<td>Prepping the other half of the class for the opposing side of the debate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Checking for understanding (reviewing a chapter, etc.) by leading a discussion with half of the class</td>
<td>Checking of understanding (reviewing a chapter, etc.) by leading a discussion with half of the class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facilitating a station or group</td>
<td>Facilitating a station or group</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

_The focus in using co-teaching strategies is to find ways to keep both teachers actively engaged with students and their learning._

_TQE Strategies (2005) along with adaptations from Murawski & Dieker (2004)_
Sharing Responsibilities
Cooperating Teacher and Teacher Candidate

Planning:

The teacher candidate and cooperating teacher will share:
- What content to teach and what co-teaching strategies to use
- Ideas for modifications and accommodations (differentiation)
- Ideas for enrichment activities (differentiation)
- How to assess student learning
- Materials and resources

Throughout the year, both will share the planning and delivery of instruction.
- Early in the experience the cooperating teacher typically takes the lead in co-planning and presenting instruction, while the teacher candidate assists, working with small groups of students.
- As the experience progresses, the teacher candidate assumes more responsibility for shared planning and teaching activities.
- As the experience continues, the pair seamlessly alternates between assisting and/or leading the planning, teaching, and evaluation. This includes solo planning for the teacher candidate. At this time, a cooperating teacher may review plans and offer suggestions as the candidate takes the lead responsibility for planning.

Before planning sessions:
- Decide what lesson(s) you will plan during your hour of planning time.
- Determine who will lead the planning time or if parts will be shared. Usually the cooperating teacher will lead in the beginning of the semester, and the teacher candidate will lead as the semester progresses.
- Decide the materials that you will need and don’t take on too much.
- Bring ideas for modifications and accommodations.
- Bring ideas for enrichment activities.
- When the teacher candidate is ready to take the lead in a subject/period, let him/her know ahead of time that he/she will be leading the planning time for that lesson. The teacher candidate should preview what he/she will be teaching and come to the planning time prepared with ideas and lessons where co-teaching could occur.

During co-planning (remember this time is to plan for collaborative teaching):
- Spend a few minutes communicating about questions or issues.
- Share what will be collaboratively taught and ideas from curriculum.
- Decide when you will collaboratively teach and solo teach.
- Discuss the collaborative strategies that will best meet the needs of the students.
- Eventually, try to incorporate all the co-teaching strategies at least twice.
- Outline questions to be used for parallel, station, etc.
- Discuss a variety of assessment strategies.
- Determine what each of you need to do when you leave the planning session (tasks, gathering resources, copying, etc.).
- Discuss, if any, changes that you need to make to the layout or organization of the classroom.

After co-planning:
- Teacher candidate writes up their own lesson plans for each lesson showing each person’s teaching role. It is not acceptable for a candidate to simply photocopy the cooperating teacher’s lesson plans and teach from those. Each candidate is responsible for his/her own plans even when supporting instruction; a candidate needs to think through his/her role.
Instruction:

While co-teaching, the teacher candidate and cooperating teacher will:
- Share leadership in the classroom
- Be seen as equal partners in the eyes of students, parents, and other staff
- Manage the classroom together
- Work with all students
- Use a variety of collaborative teaching approaches
  - No sequential order or hierarchy of strategies
  - Strategies selected according to students’ needs and curriculum
  - Try each strategy at least twice per semester
- Adapt/change lessons as needed
- Dedicate at least 20% of time to solo teaching to include planning and assessment

Assessment:

While co-assessing, the teacher candidate and cooperating teacher will:
- Both participate in the assessment of the students
- Utilize a variety of assessment strategies (both formative and summative)
- Share the workload of daily grading and feedback. This includes solo assessing for the teacher candidate. At this time, a cooperating teacher may review work graded by the candidate and offer suggestions, while the candidate is responsible for grading all student work.
- Jointly determine summative grades

Encourage an attitude that we are both TEACHING!

Planning is VERY important. Use the planning time wisely, focusing lessons on co-teaching. Prioritize the time and do not allow outside distractions to take over.

The goal is to have the cooperating teacher and teacher candidate actively engaged with students as much as possible. However, EVERY teacher candidate DOES need time to manage the classroom on his/her own.

Full-time responsibility means the teacher candidate leads all aspect of the classroom, including how the cooperating teacher and other adults will be involved with instruction and students.

SOLO Teaching

Ultimately, teacher candidates become the lead of the classroom for a minimum of two weeks (and often more), but cooperating teachers remain actively engaged as co-teachers. There may be times when the cooperating teacher may feel the candidate needs time to develop their teaching and management skills. If this occurs, the cooperating teacher continues to partner with the teacher candidate behind the scenes (e.g., developing lesson plans, evaluating student performance, providing feedback on lessons taught) and allows the candidate to take the lead of the classroom. This enhances the learning opportunities for PK-12 students, combines the knowledge and strengths of both teachers, and models a positive adult working relationship.

University supervisors ARE prepared in collaborative teaching, and should observe co-taught lessons. When they do, they will observe and evaluate only the teacher candidate.

Copyright 2012, The Academy for Co-Teaching and Collaboration at St. Cloud State University
Original Research Funded by a US Department of Education, Teacher Quality Enhancement Partnership Grant
Selecting a Collaborative Teaching Approach

Collaborative teaching is most effective when the approach used is deliberately selected. Here are four factors to weigh in selecting a collaborative approach.

1. **Student characteristics and needs**
   The first consideration in thinking about co-teaching approaches is student characteristics and needs. For example, if students tend to become disruptive during transitions, an approach should be selected that minimizes transitions. Conversely, if students need extra motivation, an approach with frequent changes might be preferred.

2. **Teacher characteristics and needs**
   Collaborative teaching will be different in different classrooms and at different times of the school year based on teacher characteristics and needs. For example, if co-teachers vary significantly in their teaching styles, it might be best to select approaches that enable them to teach independently, such as station or alternative teaching. Alternatively, if co-teachers work easily together, a more shared approach might be appropriate.

3. **Curriculum, including content and instructional strategies**
   The content to be taught and the instructional strategies that are most effective for addressing the content are additional considerations in selecting co-teaching approaches. Highly structured content and procedures, such as teaching steps in a process, would require one approach while less structured content, such as a discussion of ideas, would suggest another approach.

4. **Pragmatic Considerations**
   The preference for collaborative teaching approaches should also be tempered by the pragmatics of the setting. For example, in an open school, noise is a consideration in selecting an approach. In a crowded classroom, an approach not particularly dependent on space might be the best choice.

**Parity, Parity, Parity**

How do you and your collaborative teaching partner convey to students that your teaching relationship is truly collaborative, that it is a partnership based on parity? The following checklist might help you to think through ideas about how you, your teaching partner, and students observe parity or its absence! NOTE: Do keep in mind that how many of the following parity signals pertain to your situation depends on many factors.

1. Both teachers’ names on the board
2. Both teachers with space for personal belongings
3. Both teachers with adult–sized furniture
4. Both teachers with a lead role in the classroom
5. Both teachers talk during instruction
6. Both teachers give directions or permission without checking with the other teacher
7. Both teachers work with all students
8. Both teachers are considered teachers by the students

THE TEAM

The clinical practice experience brings together a team of people. Each person has a critical role in the success of the teacher candidate. The roles of teacher candidate, cooperating teacher, university supervisor, principal, and human resource personnel are complex and unique to each situation. They are summarized below.

Teacher Candidate Role:
- Come ready to learn; be enthusiastic and show initiative
- Introduce yourself to team members, school personnel, and families
- Ask questions and discuss professional issues
- Share ideas and work cooperatively; be flexible
- Help with all classroom responsibilities . . . record keeping, grading, etc.
- Know your content and be a continuous learner
- Plan engaging, standards-based lessons
- Know and implement collaborative teaching strategies
- Accept feedback and put suggestions for improvement into practice
- Be proactive in initiating communication with your cooperating teacher and university supervisor
- Demonstrate respectful behaviors
- Be reflective about your practice
- Be patient with yourself and your cooperating teacher
- Be a sponge; learn all you can from everyone in the building
- Set up a time to meet with administration and schedule an observation
- Make time available for conferences and daily planning with the cooperating teacher and/or university supervisor
- Follow the schedule of your cooperating teacher to include participating in extra-curricular activities, professional activities, and parent-teacher conferences
- Participate in school activities, clubs, sporting events, etc.
- Off your seat and on your feet!
- Complete all clinical practice assignments such as self-assessments, journal entries, etc.

Cooperating Teacher Role:
- Model effective teaching strategies and professionalism (e.g. small group instruction, reading/math groups, conferencing, inquiry-based lessons)
- Observe and provide quality constructive feedback
- Understand and implement co-teaching strategies
- Encourage and use new ideas and strategies
- Meet daily to discuss lesson effectiveness, provide feedback, plan, and reflect
- Provide ongoing and open communication on performance and student success
- Attend Team Development Workshop
- Co-plan, co-teach, co-assess with the teacher candidate
- Complete midterm and final assessment on teacher candidate.
- Work in tandem with university supervisor to ensure teacher candidate growth and success
- Provide copies of necessary curriculum materials, school policies, and procedures
- Set aside time to plan for co-teaching with the teacher candidate and time to talk with the supervisor after observations
University Supervisor Role:
- Supervise 4-8 teacher candidates per semester (numbers may fluctuate due to need).
- Provide a systematic and consistent presence during the clinical practice experience; communicate with cooperating teacher and candidate during visits and in between visits.
- Provide program information to the cooperating teacher and the teacher candidate.
- Be knowledgeable in and supportive of the use of co-teaching strategies; assist and guide as necessary.
- Set clear expectations; be honest about candidate’s performance and, when necessary, provide steps for improvement.
- Observe and provide written feedback and effective strategies for growth to teacher candidate a minimum of five times throughout the semester (minimum two times prior to midterm evaluation)
- Log each observation/visit in LiveText by using the observation form provided
- Meet with candidate and cooperating teacher following each observation.
  - Collaboratively reflect on the lesson observed, highlighting strengths and areas to improve.
  - Discuss strategies for growth, set goal(s) with teacher candidate and cooperating teacher.
  - Collect two written feedback forms from cooperating teacher before midterm and two before finals.
- Read and respond to candidate journals via LiveText.
- Attend and assist with seminars and participate in planning.
- Complete midterm and final evaluation of candidate via LiveText.
- Guide candidate through creation of Strategies Presentation.
- Attend and participate in supervisor professional development workshops, trainings, and seminars.
- Evaluate Strategies Presentations of candidates other than their own.
- Provide feedback at the conclusion of the semester.

Principal Role:
- Identify key staff that will be effective cooperating teachers for co-teaching model
- Provide coaching feedback to candidates
- Clarify co-teaching and role of teacher candidate to parents, staff, and community as needed
- Communicate issues concerning teacher candidate to university supervisor
- Work out scheduling between cooperating teacher and teacher candidate
- Allow cooperating teacher to attend required Team Development Workshop

Human Resource Role:
- Coordinate placements
- Monitor placements
- Collaborate for improvement

“Before you are a leader, success is all about growing yourself. When you become a leader, success is all about growing others.” Jack Welch
Team Feedback Form

Candidates will be asked to complete both sections of the feedback form below as part of Journal entry #3. Cooperating teachers and university supervisors will be asked to complete this at the end of the semester via an electronic form.

At UNO, in the College of Education, we are constantly looking for ways to improve. Clinical practice is a critical part of every candidate’s growth as an educator. We have greatly appreciated your help this semester in hosting a clinical practice candidate and want to ensure that all involved had the best experience possible! Specifically, we are looking to assess the collaborative model and the effectiveness of the partnership. This information will be used for program improvement and in future planning. The following six areas will be addressed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>University Supervisor</th>
<th>Cooperating Teacher</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Communication:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The university supervisor was available to answer questions, address concerns, and provide guidance.</td>
<td>The cooperating teacher was available to answer questions, address concerns, and provide guidance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Positive Commitment:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The university supervisor was approachable and positive.</td>
<td>The cooperating teacher was approachable and positive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The university supervisor cared about the candidate and encouraged development.</td>
<td>The cooperating teacher cared about the candidate and encouraged development.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The university listened and responded to needs and concerns.</td>
<td>The cooperating teacher listened and responded to needs and concerns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The university supervisor offered support and resources when needed.</td>
<td>The cooperating teacher offered support and resources when needed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The university supervisor encouraged new ideas and supported the candidate in trying new things.</td>
<td>The cooperating teacher encouraged new ideas and supported the candidate in trying new things.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professionalism:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The university supervisor modeled professional actions and ethical practice.</td>
<td>The cooperating teacher modeled professional actions and ethical practice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knowledge:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The university supervisor demonstrated knowledge of best practice and was a valuable resource.</td>
<td>The cooperating teacher demonstrated knowledge of best practice and was a valuable resource.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feedback:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The university supervisor provided feedback on the teacher candidate’s strengths and areas for growth (verbal, written or electronic, to include LiveText assessments).</td>
<td>The cooperating teacher provided feedback on the teacher candidate’s strengths and areas for growth (verbal, written or electronic, to include LiveText assessments).</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

COLLABORATIVE MODEL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Students received more individualized attention.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Students experienced different teaching methods and perspectives.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student learning was positively impacted.</th>
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<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Student engagement increased.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The model enhanced my collaboration skills.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>I grew as a reflective practitioner.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Candidates are better equipped to manage a classroom.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Candidates had more guidance and support throughout the experience.</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>My confidence in teaching and developing others has increased.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Comments: Is there anything you wish you would have known prior to starting the semester?
Co-Teaching Calendar

Teacher candidates should be off their seat and on their feet! They are expected to be engaged at all times and proactive in accomplishing the items below.

Team Development Workshop

The Team Development Workshop is an opportunity for the cooperating teacher, the teacher candidate, and the university supervisor to learn more about the model, get to know each other, and start planning for the semester. Professionalizing the relationship among team members sets the foundation for a shared classroom. This also allows time for coaching guidance and to build a common understanding of the assessment expectations.

Teacher candidates report to assigned schools according to the district calendar. Please note—this can be as early as June in the fall and December in the spring. Workshops and seminars are a required component of clinical practice and attendance is required. See Clinical Practice calendar for due dates.

Use this guide for unit and weekly planning of lessons. Include summative assessments in your planning.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WEEKS 1-2: CO-TEACHING PLANNING GUIDE</th>
<th>COOPERATING TEACHER</th>
<th>TEACHER CANDIDATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Typically August / January)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>For 8/9 week placements – Week 1</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOGETHER**
- Share leadership in the classroom
- Manage classroom together
- Work with all students
- Complete and discuss Orientation Competencies

**COOPERATING TEACHER**
- Introduce the candidate to teammates and the principal(s), provide a tour of the building, and share teaching resources necessary for the semester
- Lead/model effective co-planning
- Lead/model effective co-teaching strategies
- Lead/model effective co-assessing (formative and summative)
- Provide ongoing communication and feedback with candidate and set aside time to meet regularly

**TEACHER CANDIDATE**
- Complete detailed daily lesson plans for all subjects/classes (include co-teaching strategies)
- Co-plan, co-teach, co-assess following co-teacher’s lead
- Take initiative to ask questions, share ideas, provide input, and to be open to feedback and suggestions
- Work with individuals and small groups of students
- Attend seminar
- Complete Policies and Responsibilities and Universal Precautions

**UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR**
- Review expectations with candidates and cooperating teacher, answer any questions, and determine the best mode of communication.
- Review the elements and strategies of the collaborative model, answer any questions or clarify misconceptions.
- Schedule and complete guided observation with the cooperating teacher and teacher candidate (if needed). During the guided observation, candidates reflect on transitions, how directions are provided, ways to get students’ attention, lesson flow, what to do when expectations are not met, etc. The focus is on routines, procedures, and overall classroom management strategies to include engagement in lessons. During the debriefing, the candidate generates a list of things to try with the cooperating teacher and university supervisor.
- Introduce self to office staff and principal.
- Attend and assist with seminars.
- Set up journal entries in LiveText.
- Set a due date for the competencies.
- Check in to see how everything is going with cooperating teacher and candidate.
**WEEKS 3-4: CO-TEACHING PLANNING GUIDE**  
(Typically August - September/ January - February)  
*For 8/9 week placements – Week 2*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOGETHER</th>
<th>COOPERATING TEACHER</th>
<th>TEACHER CANDIDATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| • Share leadership in the classroom  
• Manage classroom together  
• Work with all students  
• Adapt/change lessons as needed  
• Utilize variety of instructional strategies  
• Utilize variety of assessment strategies  
• Share workload of grading and feedback (cooperating teacher may just review)  
• Jointly determine student feedback/summative grades | • Alternate between modeling, guiding, assisting, and leading co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing  
• Provide ongoing communication and feedback with candidate and meet regularly  
• Share unit and daily plans and materials  
• Use co-teaching strategies when instructing | • Complete daily lesson plans for all subjects/classes  
(include specific roles of both co-teachers and co-teaching strategies)  
• Alternate between assisting, co-leading, and leading co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing  
• Take initiative to add to unit and daily plans and materials  
• Use/document co-teaching strategies when instructing  
• Ask questions, share ideas, provide input, be open to suggestions/feedback  
• Work with whole group, small groups, and individuals  
• Attend seminar  
• Submit journal entry |

**UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR**  
• Attend and assist with seminars.  
• Collect and review competencies from candidates. Address any concerns that arise.  
• Check in to see how everything is going with cooperating teacher and candidate. Be available for advice and support.  
• Log observations in LiveText. Debrief with candidate and cooperating teacher before/after each visit.  
• Assist in developing Strategies Presentation plan.

**WEEKS 5-6: CO-TEACHING PLANNING GUIDE**  
(Typically September/ February)  
*For 8/9 week placements – Week 3*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOGETHER</th>
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</table>
| • Share leadership in the classroom  
• Manage classroom together  
• Work with all students  
• Adapt/change lessons as needed  
• Utilize variety of instructional strategies  
• Utilize variety of assessment strategies  
• Share workload of grading and feedback (cooperating teacher may just review)  
• Jointly determine student feedback/summative grades | • Alternate between modeling, assisting, and leading co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing  
• Provide ongoing communication/feedback with candidate and meet regularly  
• Share unit & daily plans, materials, and assessments  
• Guide and provide suggestions with the planning process for instruction and assessment when TC is taking the lead  
• Use co-teaching strategies when instructing | • Complete detailed daily lesson plans for all subjects/classes  
(include specific roles of both co-teachers and identify co-teaching strategies)  
• Alternate between assisting and leading co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing  
• Create plans, materials, and assessments for review by cooperating teacher (do NOT copy cooperating teacher’s)  
• Use/document co-teaching strategies when instructing  
• Ask questions, share ideas, provide input, and be open to suggestions/feedback  
• Solo teach 20-25% of the time |

*Solo teach 20-25% of the time*
**UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR**
- Respond to journal entry.
- Attend and assist with seminars.
- Check in to see how everything is going with cooperating teacher and candidate. Be available for advice and support.
- Log observations in LiveText. Debrief with candidate and cooperating teacher before/after each visit.
- Assist in developing Strategies Presentation plan.

**WEEKS 7-8: CO-TEACHING PLANNING GUIDE**
*(Typically September/ February)*
*For 8/9 week placements – Week 4*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOGETHER</th>
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<th>TEACHER CANDIDATE</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| • Share leadership in the classroom  
  • Manage classroom together  
  • Work with all students  
  • Adapt/change lessons as needed  
  • Utilize variety of instructional strategies  
  • Utilize variety of assessment strategies  
  • Share workload of grading and feedback (cooperating teacher may just review)  
  • Jointly determine student feedback/summative grades | • Alternate between modeling, assisting, and leading co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing  
  • Provide ongoing communication/feedback with candidate and meet regularly  
  • Share unit and daily plans, materials, and assessments  
  • Guide and provide suggestions with the planning process for instruction and assessment when TC is taking the lead  
  • Use co-teaching strategies when instructing | • Complete detailed daily lesson plans for all subjects/classes (include specific roles of both co-teachers and identify co-teaching strategies)  
  • Alternate between assisting and leading co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing  
  • Create plans, materials, and assessments for review by cooperating teacher (do **NOT** copy cooperating teacher’s)  
  • Use/document co-teaching strategies when instructing  
  • Ask questions, share ideas, provide input, and be open to suggestions/feedback  
  • **Solo teach 20-25% of the time**  
  • Attend seminar |

**UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR**
- Attend and assist with seminars.
- Check in to see how everything is going with cooperating teacher and candidate. Be available for advice and support.
- Log observations in LiveText. Debrief with candidate and cooperating teacher before/after each visit.
- Assist in developing Strategies Presentation plan.

**WEEKS 9-10: CO-TEACHING PLANNING GUIDE**
*(Typically September – October / February - March)*
*For 8/9 week placements – Week 5*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOGETHER</th>
<th>COOPERATING TEACHER</th>
<th>TEACHER CANDIDATE</th>
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</table>
| • Share leadership in the classroom  
  • Manage classroom together  
  • Work with all students  
  • Adapt/change lessons as needed  
  • Utilize variety of instructional strategies  
  • Utilize variety of assessment strategies  
  • Share workload of grading and feedback (cooperating teacher may just review) | • Co-plan, co-teach, and co-assess following teacher candidate’s lead  
  • Provide ongoing communication/feedback with candidate and meet regularly  
  • Share unit and daily plans, materials, and assessments  
  • Guide and provide suggestions with the planning process for instruction and assessment when TC is taking the lead  
  • Use co-teaching strategies when instructing | • Complete detailed daily lesson plans for all subjects/classes (include specific roles of both co-teachers and identify co-teaching strategies)  
  • Lead co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing  
  • Create plans, materials, and assessments for review by cooperating teacher (do **NOT** copy cooperating teacher’s)  
  • Use/document co-teaching strategies when instructing |
- Jointly determine student feedback/summative grades
- Participate in three-way conference to set goals for the remainder of the semester

- Complete midterm assessment. SPED dual endorsement will complete final.

- Ask questions, share ideas, provide input, and be open to suggestions/feedback
  - **Solo teach 20-25% of the time**
  - Complete midterm self-assessment. SPED dual endorsement will complete final.
  - Switch to second 8-week placement unless otherwise arranged

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Attend and assist with seminars.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Check in to see how everything is going with cooperating teacher and candidate. Be available for advice and support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Assist in developing Strategies Presentation plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Conduct at least two observations prior to midterm/8-week transition. Debrief with candidate and cooperating teacher before/after each visit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Log observations in LiveText.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Complete and conduct a three-way conference with both the teacher candidate and cooperating teacher about the midterm assessment. Set goals for the remainder of the semester. SPED dual endorsement will complete final.</td>
</tr>
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</table>

### WEEKS 11-12: CO-TEACHING PLANNING GUIDE
(Typically October / March)
*For 8/9 week placements – Week 6*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOGETHER</th>
<th>COOPERATING TEACHER</th>
<th>TEACHER CANDIDATE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Share leadership in the classroom</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Manage classroom together</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Work with all students</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Adapt/change lessons as needed</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Utilize variety of instructional strategies</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Utilize variety of assessment strategies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Share workload of grading and feedback (cooperating teacher may just review)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Jointly determine student feedback/summative grades</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Co-plan, co-teach, and co-assess following teacher candidate’s lead</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Guide and provide suggestions with the planning process for instruction and assessment when TC is taking the lead</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Use co-teaching strategies when instructing</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Provide ongoing communication/feedback with candidate and meet regularly</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Complete daily lesson plans for all subjects/classes (include specific roles of both co-teachers and identify co-teaching strategies)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Lead co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Create plans, materials, and assessments for review by cooperating teacher</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Use/document co-teaching strategies when instructing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Ask questions, share ideas, provide input, and be open to suggestions/feedback</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- <strong>Solo teach 20-25% of the time</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Complete journal entry - video analysis</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Check in to see how everything is going with cooperating teacher and candidate. Be available for advice and support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Assist in developing Strategies Presentation plan. Conduct one seminar to provide MOCK presentation opportunity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Log observations in LiveText. Debrief with candidate and cooperating teacher before/after each visit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Respond to journal entry - video analysis.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## WEEKS 13-14: CO-TEACHING PLANNING GUIDE
(Typically October - November / March - April)
*For 8/9 week placements – Week 7*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOGETHER</th>
<th>COOPERATING TEACHER</th>
<th>TEACHER CANDIDATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| • Share leadership in the classroom  
• Manage classroom together  
• Work with all students  
• Adapt/change lessons as needed  
• Utilize variety of instructional strategies  
• Utilize variety of assessment strategies  
• Share workload of grading and feedback (cooperating teacher may just review)  
• Jointly determine student feedback/summative grades | • Co-plan, co-teach, and co-assess following teacher candidate’s lead  
• Guide and provide suggestions with the planning process for instruction and assessment when TC is taking the lead  
• Use co-teaching strategies when instructing  
• Provide ongoing communication/feedback with candidate and meet regularly | • Complete daily lesson plans for all subjects/classes (include specific roles of both co-teachers and identify co-teaching strategies)  
• Lead co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing  
• Create plans, materials, and assessments for review by cooperating teacher  
• Use/document co-teaching strategies when instructing  
• Ask questions, share ideas, provide input, and be open to suggestions/feedback  
• **Solo teach 20-25% of the time**  
• Successfully complete Strategies Presentation |

**UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR**

• Check in to see how everything is going with cooperating teacher and candidate. Be available for advice and support.  
• Assist in developing Strategies Presentation plan. Conduct one seminar to provide MOCK presentation opportunity.  
• Log observations in LiveText. Debrief with candidate and cooperating teacher before/after each visit.  
• Respond to journal entry - video analysis.  
• Evaluate Strategies Presentations.

## WEEKS 15-16: CO-TEACHING PLANNING GUIDE
(Typically November / April)
*For 8/9 week placements – Week 8*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOGETHER</th>
<th>COOPERATING TEACHER</th>
<th>TEACHER CANDIDATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| • Share leadership in the classroom  
• Manage classroom together  
• Work with all students  
• Adapt/change lessons as needed  
• Utilize variety of instructional strategies  
• Utilize variety of assessment strategies  
• Share workload of grading and feedback (cooperating teacher may just review)  
• Jointly determine student feedback/summative grades | • Co-plan, co-teach, and co-assess following teacher candidate’s lead  
• Guide and provide suggestions with the planning process for instruction and assessment when TC is taking the lead  
• Use co-teaching strategies when instructing  
• Provide ongoing communication/feedback w/candidate & meet regularly | • Complete daily lesson plans for all subjects/classes (include specific roles of both co-teachers and identify co-teaching strategies)  
• Lead co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing  
• Create plans, materials, and assessments for review by cooperating teacher  
• Use/document co-teaching strategies when instructing  
• Ask questions, share ideas, provide input, and be open to suggestions/feedback  
• **Solo teach 20-25% of the time**  
• Successfully complete Strategies Presentation |
UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR

- Check in to see how everything is going with cooperating teacher and candidate. Be available for advice and support.
- Log observations in LiveText. Debrief with candidate and cooperating teacher before/after each visit.
- Respond to journal entry - video analysis.
- Evaluate Strategies Presentation.

WEEKS 17-18 ~ CO-TEACHING PLANNING GUIDE
(Typically December / May)
For 8/9 week placements – Week 8/9

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOGETHER</th>
<th>COOPERATING TEACHER</th>
<th>TEACHER CANDIDATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Share leadership in the classroom</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Manage classroom together</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Adapt/change lessons as needed</td>
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<td>- Utilize variety of assessment strategies</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Jointly determine student feedback/summative grades</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Complete final assessment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Debrief with the team on the semester</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Gradually take back the lead in co-planning, co-teaching, and co-assessing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Assist in setting up observations of other teachers in the building or district</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Provide ongoing communication and feedback with candidate and set aside time to meet regularly</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Complete final assessment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Complete feedback form</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Complete daily lesson plans for all subjects/classes (include specific roles of both co-teachers and co-teaching strategies)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Co-plan, co-teach, and co-assess following co-teacher’s lead</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Ask questions, share ideas, provide input, and be open to suggestions/feedback</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Work with individuals, whole group and small groups of students</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- May observe other teachers within building or district</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Complete journal entry</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Complete final assessment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR

- Check in to see how everything is going with cooperating teacher and candidate. Be available for advice and support.
- Log observations in LiveText. Debrief with candidate and cooperating teacher before/after each visit.
- Thank the cooperating teacher and principal for hosting a clinical practice candidate.
- Debrief with cooperating teacher and candidate on final assessment.
- Complete final assessment and submit grade to Coordinator of Field Experiences.
- Complete team feedback form.
A variety of lesson plan formats may be used. **Often, candidates will utilize the district lesson plan format for which they are assigned.** Plans should include co-teaching roles when utilized and will be different than the cooperating teacher’s plans. Photocopies of another’s plans are not acceptable. **Each candidate is responsible for writing lesson plans for the role he/she will take during instruction for each lesson each week.** The following components must be included on all lesson plans.

1. Standards
2. Objective(s)
3. Anticipatory Set
4. Procedure (gradual release or a similar structure based on content and timing)
5. Assessment
6. Closure
7. Differentiation (this can be identified within the procedure)
8. Materials/Technology
9. Co-Teaching Role (when applicable)

**Planning enables you to think about your teaching in a systematic way before you begin.**

*What are you doing? What are the students doing? What will the instruction look like?*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lesson Plan Template</th>
<th>Timing/ Pacing</th>
<th>Candidate Role</th>
<th>Cooperating Teacher Role</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standards:</strong> What is the concept that the students are expected to know?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Objective:</strong> What do you want the students to learn today?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Anticipatory set:</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o How will you begin the lesson?</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>o How will you get the students interested?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o Where will they sit?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o What materials will they start with?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o How long will it take?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Procedure (gradual release of responsibility):</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Direct instruction: Instructional input and modeling <em>(I do/We do)</em></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o What materials will they start with?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o Where will they sit?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o What will you say to model the concept?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o What will you do?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o What will the students do?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o How will you keep the students actively involved?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o How will you know when it’s time to move on?</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Guided practice <em>(You do it together)</em></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o How will the students be actively involved?</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
- How will you scaffold from direct instruction to guided practice to independence?
- How will you help individual students?
- How will you check to see if students understand or are able to do the activity?
- What will you do if they “aren’t getting it”?  
- **Independent practice (You do it alone)**
  - What will they do?
  - How will you check it?
  - Where will the materials go?
  - What if they didn’t understand and need to be retaught?
  - What will they do when they are finished and others are still working?  
- **Assessment**
  - How will you know if the students achieved what your objective was?  Will what happened today change the lesson for tomorrow?  
- **Closure**
  - How will you pull the lesson together?
  - How will you have the students review or share what they have learned?
  - How will you transition from this lesson to the next?  
- **Materials/Technology**
  - What will you need?
  - What will the students need?
  - How will materials be passed out and picked up?  
- **Differentiation (may be within procedure)**
  - How have you accommodated for different learning needs?
  - How have you adapted the content, product or procedure?
  - What if they didn’t understand and need to be retaught?
  - What will they do when they are finished and others are still working?  

*The better prepared the teacher is, the more likely she/he will be able to handle whatever unexpectedly happens in the lesson. Another variation of the format above is to consider what you’re doing vs. what the students are doing.*
Questions to consider when co-planning:

One Teach, One Observe
- What will be observed?

One Teach, One Assist
- What will be the focus?
- What form of assistance?

Stations Teaching
- How will you determine groups?
- What will your timing/pacing be?
- What will your room setup be?
- What are students who are not meeting with a group doing?

Parallel Teaching
- How will you determine groups?
- What will your timing/pacing be?
- How will you utilize space?

Alternative/Differentiated Teaching
- What data will you use to determine groups?
- What are students who are not meeting with a group doing?
- What resources will you utilize?

Supplemental
- What data will you use to determine groups?
- What resources will you utilize?

Clinical Practice Competencies

The Clinical Practice Competencies summarize the first few weeks of critical topics connected to the clinical practice semester. During this time, you will be participating in collaboratively planning and teaching classes as you become acquainted with your university supervisor, building administrators, faculty, staff, and students. In addition, this is a time to learn the policies and procedures of the classroom, building, district, and university regarding this experience.

The Competencies Checklist is designed to highlight each indicator of the Nebraska Clinical Practice Evaluation (InTASC Standards) as seen within the first few weeks of this experience. Teacher candidates should work with cooperating teachers to indicate when each competency is observed, discussed, and/or completed. The completed list will be collected and discussed with the university supervisor within the first three weeks of the semester.

Standard One – Student Development

The teacher candidate will: Understand how students grow and develop and establish positive and appropriate rapport with all students:
- Learn who all students are as people both academically and personally.
- Learn students’ names; exhibit a genuine interest in children and interact comfortably with students.

Date Observed/Discussed

Standard Two – Learning Differences

The teacher candidate will: Understand individual differences:
- Act in an equitable manner to all persons regardless of race, ethnicity cultural beliefs, socioeconomic status, gender, age, religion, sexual orientation, or disabling condition.
- Research and collaborate with others about atypical students.

Date Observed/Discussed

Be knowledgeable of timelines and procedural safeguards to protect the rights of students with special needs and their families.

Be knowledgeable about various strategies to use in working with students who are non-native speakers or require alternative communication devices/technology, as well as students who need behavior success plans.
Standard Three – Learning Environments

The teacher candidate will: Date Observed/Discussed
Understand and utilize classroom management while creating a supportive environment:

- Discuss and utilize the opening/dismissal practices, transitions, and other procedures as agreed on by teacher candidate and cooperating teacher.
- Communicate clear/fair expectations and directions to the students.
- Use a classroom behavior plan created with the cooperating teacher.
- Provide positive reinforcement to motivate students.
- Know how to effectively redirect off-task behavior.
- Exhibit proximity control and movement about the classroom.
- Complete routines and procedures grid based on the discussion with you cooperating teacher and attach.

Know the policies and procedures pertaining to discipline and classroom management including the steps in a discipline referral.

Review the Classroom Behavior Tolerance Scale with cooperating teacher.
(If your cooperating teacher did not attend the Team Development Workshop, attach.)

Complete the Guided Observation and attach.

Standard Four – Content Knowledge

The teacher candidate will: Date Observed/Discussed
Possess and utilize necessary content knowledge:

- Demonstrate an appropriate knowledge base for the grade level/subject area.
- Demonstrate ability to elaborate on text-based content being taught.
- Correctly use academic vocabulary throughout a lesson.
- Accurately answer or locate answers to student questions about content area.
- Communicate what students will know and be able to do by the end of a lesson.

Demonstrate sufficient knowledge of professional, state, and district content standards.

Standard Five – Application of Content

The teacher candidate will: Date Observed/Discussed
Understand how to connect concepts to engage students in critical thinking:

- Make connections from content to real-world for the students during instruction.
- Choose developmentally appropriate activities.

Standard Six - Assessment

The teacher candidate will: Date Observed/Discussed
Understand and be able to plan effective formative assessment to monitor student progress.

Use multiple methods of assessment to engage students in their own growth and to monitor student progress.

Use reflection to determine when student learning has occurred and be able to make adjustments in lesson delivery as needed for optimal learning.

Discuss and document student progress with cooperating teacher.
Understand and be able to utilize assessment instruments in determining strengths and weaknesses of students (special education, high ability, ELL, etc.).

Design plans and/or collaborate with specialists to make future decisions appropriate to individual student needs to:
- Develop appropriate progress monitoring tools.
- Collect individual student data.
- Interpret the data to make future decisions appropriate to individual student’s goals (e.g. progress monitoring, SAT teams, IEPs, success plans, behavior plans, etc.).

**Standard Seven – Planning for Instruction**

**The teacher candidate will:**

- Establish a collaborative lesson plan format with cooperating teacher.  
- Share a copy of your format with your university supervisor.
- Plan well-ahead of lesson delivery; instruction reflects collaboration and thorough thinking processes. Lesson plans should be turned in weekly for cooperating teacher review. *List the day and time these will be turned in each week.*
- Ask for input and suggestions from cooperating teacher and supervisor regarding lesson plan design to ensure success in delivery.
- Follow district pacing/curriculum guides and locate/utilize other appropriate planning resources, including state standards and teacher manuals, to enhance lessons.
- Establish a regular meeting time with cooperating teacher to discuss and debrief on planning, instruction and assessment. *List agreed upon meeting time in the box.*
- Co-plan with cooperating teacher to write effective lesson plans that are engaging and promote varied levels of thinking, meeting needs of all learners.

**Standard Eight – Instructional Strategies**

**The teacher candidate will:**

- Understand a variety of instructional strategies.
- Use a variety of instructional strategies to encourage student engagement and understanding.
- Utilize available technology for instruction and assessment.

**Standard Nine – Professional Learning and Ethical Practice**

**The teacher candidate will:**

- Model ethical behavior in the classroom (ex: honesty, hard work, respect) and respect all stakeholders.
- Maintain confidentiality on all issues regarding students, families, and staff.
- Display basic skills
  - Use acceptable handwriting and spelling; use acceptable grammar in written and spoken communications.
  - Accept feedback if errors are made; be conscientious about proof reading.
• Model competent reading and oral fluency.
• Use appropriate eye-contact, posture, and space to convey a message.

Demonstrate professionalism:
• Complete assignments/duties on or before due date.
• Understand that regular attendance/punctuality is critical to a successful experience and know steps to follow when an absence is unavoidable.
• Follow the district professional dress code expectations.

Reflect continually on performance and regularly discuss progress and seek feedback from cooperating teacher and supervisor.

Protect the privacy of student/family information.

Understand and demonstrate ethical uses of technology including no postings of student photos, work, videos, etc. and not using social media for personal uses while at school.

Understand the technology necessary to monitor and document student progress and growth such as online grading, progress monitoring, etc.

*Special education teachers - IEP electronic systems and forms related to permission, placement, and accommodations or modifications of instruction and IDEA.

Understand the emergency procedures for the building.

**Standard Ten – Leadership and Collaboration**

The teacher candidate will:                      Date Observed/Discussed

Work effectively with cooperating teacher, other building staff, and administrators.

Understand how cooperating teacher establishes effective communication with families, and emulate this process of positive home/school partnerships when appropriate.

Attend and participate in “school/building activities” within and outside of the school day as appropriate.

Participate in professional meetings such as IEP’s, team meetings, PLC’s, department meetings, parent meetings, etc.

* Signatures at the end of the checklist signify each section was discussed and/or observed by the cooperating teacher and teacher candidate.

Cooperating Teacher

Teacher Candidate

University Supervisor

33
**CLASSROOM BEHAVIOR TOLERANCE SCALE**

☐ Teacher Candidate  ☐ Cooperating Teacher

Directions: Indicate on the Likert Scale the degree to which you view the following behaviors as acceptable or unacceptable in your classroom. Then compare and discuss your responses with your teacher candidate, cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and/or other associates.

Acceptable $\leftrightarrow$ Unacceptable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Behavior</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Student arrives late to class.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Student does not complete homework.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. SPED student does not complete homework.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Student frequently has late work, does not meet deadlines.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Student frequently misses school day of test or major assignment.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Student often requests help or approval of work in progress.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Student is inattentive (talking, doing another task, sleeping).</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Student hits or shoves another student.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Student uses profanity or inappropriate language.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Student argues with or is rude to teacher.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Student verbally/sexually harasses another student.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Student gets out of seat without permission.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Student leaves classroom without permission.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Student makes frequent requests to leave the room.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Student hums, subvocalizes, taps pencil, etc.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Student damages or destroys school or personal property.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Student chews gum, eats candy, drinks beverage, etc.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Student frequently requests extra credit or special consideration.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. Student does not participate in classroom activities.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Student throws pencils/paper wads, shoots rubber bands, etc.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Student makes irrelevant comments or gives silly answers.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22. Student interrupts others.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23. Student steals.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24. Student copies homework, cheats on tests, etc.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25. Student comes to class without paper, book, pencil, etc.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26. Student wears cap, T-shirt with suggestive message.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27. Student whines or tattles on other students.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28. Student’s work from home exceeds quality of work in class.</td>
<td>4 3 2 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29. Your pet peeve(s):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Reflect on your tolerances with each other . . .

- What is your rationale for the degree of tolerance you have for the different behaviors?
- Discuss those behaviors for which your tolerance appears to be opposite of your associate(s).
- What behaviors bother you as a teacher?
- Who is exhibiting these behaviors?
- Are you sure that all students who behave in these ways are treated the same?
- Who are the students you have the most difficult time managing?
- What socioeconomic, cultural, and linguistic background do they represent?
- How does this affect your attitude?
- To what extent have you demonstrated genuine caring and concern for all students in your class?
- Do you show gender bias in your teaching?
- What teaching behaviors might encourage learning for females or males?
- What teaching behaviors might discourage learning for females or males?
- How do you show rapport with and regard for students?
- If students were asked to identify which students you like best, what would they say?
- If students were asked to identify which students you like least, what would they say?
- How are students from traditionally under-represented groups performing in class?
- What behaviors do you demonstrate to promote their success?
- What behaviors do you demonstrate to compromise their success?

Based on Vaughn, S., Bros, C & Schumm, J. (1997), Teaching Mainstreamed, Diverse, and At-Risk Students in a General Ed Classroom
# Routines and Procedures

*Discuss the routines and procedures below. Share what happens in your classroom and help the candidate think through possibilities if a routine/procedure is not currently in place and/or explain why one is not needed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Entering the classroom</th>
<th>Seating assignments</th>
<th>Bell work / warm up</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exiting the classroom</td>
<td>Teacher’s desk</td>
<td>Disaster drills</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early dismissal</td>
<td>School-wide announcements</td>
<td>Daily schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home-to-school communication</td>
<td>Leaving class early</td>
<td>Assignment schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School-to-home communication</td>
<td>Passing periods</td>
<td>Hallway behavior</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visitors in class</td>
<td>Student desks</td>
<td>Student participation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Displaying student work</td>
<td>Movement in class</td>
<td>Calling on / selecting students</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attendance</td>
<td>Getting student attention</td>
<td>Response to questions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tardies</td>
<td>Collecting assignments /materials</td>
<td>Quieting the class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodating student absence</td>
<td>Distributing materials</td>
<td>Listening</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Behavior during instruction</td>
<td>Independent work</td>
<td>Assignments finished early</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talking among students</td>
<td>Group work</td>
<td>Assignment organizer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Checks for understanding</td>
<td>Student need for assistance</td>
<td>Homework</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Behavior during interruption of instruction</td>
<td>Guided practice</td>
<td>Turning in assignments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returning to task after interruption</td>
<td>Assignment expectations</td>
<td>Checking assignments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make up work</td>
<td>Study hall</td>
<td>Use of computer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Late assignments</td>
<td>Food / drink in class</td>
<td>Use of school materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returning assignments</td>
<td>Hall passes</td>
<td>Lack of student supplies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closure</td>
<td>Use of pencil sharpener</td>
<td>Use of phone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transition between classes / activities</td>
<td>Use of restroom</td>
<td>Use of media center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of pen / pencil</td>
<td>Watching videos</td>
<td>Nurse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heading papers</td>
<td>Lunch procedures</td>
<td>Vending machines / food sales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neatness / legibility</td>
<td>Purchasing lunch ticket</td>
<td>Maintenance of the physical classroom environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lockers / student storage</td>
<td>Fieldtrip transportation procedures</td>
<td>Other</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Guided Observation  
(One teach, One observe)

This form is designed to help candidates identify teaching techniques, routines, and procedures used in the classroom. After the observation, discuss the observation with the cooperating teacher. Candidates include a copy of the form when turning in the Competencies.

1. How does the teacher focus students’ attention for learning? What words and actions does the teacher use?

2. What routines/procedures are used to begin each lesson?

3. What does the teacher say and do to reinforce positive student academic and social behaviors?

4. What materials, technology, and techniques help the students learn the course material?

5. What routines are used to transition students from one activity to another?

6. How does the teacher encourage active student participation?

7. How does the teacher manage homework, assignments, and student paperwork?

8. Is the objective stated/posted and revisited throughout the lesson?

9. What questions are asked during the lesson? (wait time, level of questioning, critical thinking, etc.)

10. How does the teacher bring closure to a lesson?

11. How does the teacher address individual learning differences?

12. What specific techniques and/or routines will you incorporate in your teaching?
What is the teacher doing and saying?   What are the students doing and saying?
Observations

University supervisors are asked to formally observe five complete lessons for each teacher candidate. Prior to the first observation the teacher candidate should complete a guided observation form found on the preceding pages while observing the cooperating teacher. The teacher candidate observes to identify specific student and cooperating teacher behaviors that aid in the management of the classroom as well as provides a model for effective instructional and assessment strategies.

The second observation (and fourth for dual placements) is made jointly with both the university supervisor and cooperating teacher who observe the candidate while she/he teaches a full lesson. Both will provide written feedback and a reflective (3-way) conversation will happen afterwards to help the candidate realize the strengths of the lesson as well as suggestions for improvement in future teaching. Supervisors and cooperating teachers are to use the standard observation form found on the following pages to provide specific feedback about the candidate’s performance and set a goal(s) for future teaching.

Observations should be scheduled in advance. Subsequent observations should be spread throughout the semester (once a month). There may be times when a visit is coordinated between the cooperating teacher and the university supervisor. Written feedback and discussion with both the cooperating teacher and teacher candidate should follow each observation. Supervisors will submit observation forms to LiveText.

Supervisors may use various methods to facilitate the observation process. The College of Education has a standard observation form to be completed during each observation. The observation form is found on the following pages. Supervisors enter observations into LiveText within one week of each observation.

When Supervisors Observe the Teacher Candidate:

- Choose situations carefully to maximize the feedback to be provided. It is not acceptable to schedule on a day when teacher candidate is not actively teaching. Giving a test or showing a video are not active teaching situations. University supervisors are also expected to schedule observations in different subject areas/class periods to provide a broader view of the teacher candidate’s progress.
- Ask the cooperating teacher if there is anything specific he or she would like to be noted during the observation.
- Use the observation form to collect evidence seen during the observation. When applicable, supervisors may take sketches of the classroom to inform the teacher candidate.
- Debrief with both the teacher candidate and cooperating teacher. Discuss lesson specifically and the use of the co-teaching strategies observed (if applicable). It is optimal to have time to discuss observation feedback with each person individually and to also have a subsequent, joint discussion with the cooperating teacher and teacher candidate.
- Set goals and date for the next observation.
- Candidates are expected:
  - to upload the weekly plans for the subject being observed along with a detailed lesson plan of the specific lesson by 9:00 p.m. the day prior to the observation
    - This weekly lesson plan gives an overview as to what has led up to the observation as well as the intended direction after.
  - to use detailed lesson plan format for day’s observation lesson
    - This includes the nine components listed in the lesson plan section above and gives the details of the specific lesson.
### Observation Form

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Teacher Candidate: ________________</th>
<th>School: ____________</th>
<th>Grade/Topic: ________</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Observation #: _______</td>
<td>Date: ____________</td>
<td>Supervisor: _________________________</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Supporting Evidence

#### Observation Markings
- (+) Observed with defined evidence
- (/) Observed with ideas for growth
- (-) Not observed or evident

#### Standard 1  Learner Development

- Connects lessons to students’ interests, personal experiences, and prior knowledge
- Modifies, adapts, or adjusts instruction and materials for students
- Collects data about student development and effectively uses the data to adjust teaching
- Creates opportunities to use and build on student strengths

InTASC 1; CAEP 1.1

#### Standard 2  Learner Differences

- Implements developmentally appropriate and challenging learning experiences
- Uses data gathered to differentiate instruction using flexible grouping, individualized instruction, various teaching styles, and differentiated content
- Includes multiple levels of activities to address varied levels of students and/or provide student choice
- Creates multiple ways for students to demonstrate learning

InTASC 2; CAEP 1.1

#### Standard 3  Learning Environment

- Communicates, models, and positively reinforces clear task and behavioral expectations
- Provides verbal and nonverbal signals to reinforce/redirect behavior (smiles, high fives, thumbs up, gives verbal acknowledgement, praise, uses proximity, eye contact, attention getters, signals, etc.)
- Uses strategies for transitions that minimize problems and maximize instructional time
- Exhibits awareness of the classroom environment

InTASC 3; CAEP 1.1

#### Standard 4  Content Knowledge (Accuracy)

- Demonstrates a clear and direct match between activities and objective(s) throughout the lesson
- Addresses student questions and misconceptions accurately
- Uses the academic language of the content correctly and creates opportunities for students to practice and apply academic language
- Is knowledgeable of content and ensures accurate and relevant implementation
- Provide students opportunities to practice/demonstrate understanding

InTASC 4; CAEP 1.1

#### Standard 4  Content Knowledge

- Builds upon prior knowledge and background to initiate new learning
- Relates content to meaningful examples that provoke critical thinking

InTASC 4; CAEP 1.1
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Uses inquiry driven instruction to engage students in meaningful ways</th>
<th>Uses questioning to engage students to conjecture and discover key ideas</th>
<th>Synthesizes content across fields, making connections relevant to students</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 5  Application of Content</strong></td>
<td><strong>InTASC 5; CAEP 1.1</strong></td>
<td><strong>Engages students in applying content knowledge and skills to real world contexts</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Develops students’ communications skills through group work</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Guides students in gathering, organizing, and evaluating information and ideas from a variety of resources and texts</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creates authentic writing assignments</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Provides opportunities for students to display and communicate their knowledge in a variety of ways</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 6  Assessment</strong></td>
<td><strong>InTASC 6; CAEP 1.1</strong></td>
<td><strong>Checks for student understanding throughout the lesson</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implements multiple assessments that measure lesson objectives</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Uses assessments to engage student in his/her growth and decision making</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Checks for student understanding throughout the lesson</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Implements required accommodation in assessments and testing conditions</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 6  Assessment (Impact on Student Learning)</strong></td>
<td><strong>InTASC 6; CAEP 1.1</strong></td>
<td><strong>Provides a variety of opportunities to showcase learning</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provides students clear criteria and performance standards by which their work will be evaluated</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Implements multiple assessments that measure lesson objectives</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitors student learning to guide instruction and to engage learners in their own progress (e.g. goal setting, self-assessment, etc.)</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Provides students clear criteria and performance standards by which their work will be evaluated</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uses data from multiple types of assessments to draw conclusions about student progress and determine re-teaching and enrichment opportunities</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Analyzes assessment data to describe patterns and/or gaps in learning and provides one or more examples of how analysis guided planning and instruction</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusts instruction based on student performance data</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Adjusts instruction based on student performance data</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provides ongoing feedback to engage students in their own learning</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Provides ongoing feedback to engage students in their own learning</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 7  Planning for Instruction</strong></td>
<td><strong>InTASC 7; CAEP 1.1</strong></td>
<td><strong>Aligns objective(s) to state standards and/or district curriculum guides and resources when planning lessons</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connects objective(s) to lesson activities to include the opening and closure of the lesson</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Connects objective(s) to lesson activities to include the opening and closure of the lesson</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uses a model that scaffolds learning (e.g. gradual release) to support all connections to the learning objective(s) within lesson plans</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Uses a model that scaffolds learning (e.g. gradual release) to support all connections to the learning objective(s) within lesson plans</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plans, connects, and sequences common learning experience and performance tasks linked to learning objectives</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Plays, connects, and sequences common learning experience and performance tasks linked to learning objectives</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard 8</td>
<td>Instructional Strategies (Technology)</td>
<td>InTASC 8; CAEP 1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepares necessary resources and material to include technology</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modifies/adapts lesson plans based on student performance data and student needs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Engages learners in using a range of technology tools to access, interpret, evaluate, and apply information</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Provides learning opportunities by utilizing technology, when appropriate, that relate to the lesson objective</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offers student choice through technology to provide experiential opportunities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilizes technology to form connections between content and the real world</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 8</th>
<th>Instructional Strategies</th>
<th>InTASC 8; CAEP 1.1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Incorporates a variety of instructional strategies that match the intended learning target</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilizes gradual release of responsibility and pacing by varying roles within the instructional process (e.g., instructor, facilitator, coach, audience)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Includes inquiry processes that are open-ended utilizing questions that give rise to critical thinking versus absolute responses</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensures content is accessible to each learner</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 8</th>
<th>Instructional Strategies (Engagement)</th>
<th>InTASC 8; CAEP 1.1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Creates a learning environment through organization, routine, and structure for student engagement and learning</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provides a variety of activities that are purposeful to student learning to ensure student involvement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Provides expectations for growth and opportunities for students to self-evaluate learning (e.g. rubrics)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creates opportunities for students to demonstrate what they've learned through a variety of products</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provides opportunities for students to engage in dialogue, share ideas, and form positive working and social relationships with peers, other adults, guests to the classroom/school (e.g. cooperative or collaborative learning)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 9</th>
<th>Professional Learning and Ethical Practice (Dispositions)</th>
<th>InTASC 9; CAEP 1.1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seeks, accepts, and implements feedback from a variety of sources including students</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Responds positively and proactively by setting and implementing goals for growth based on feedback to increase effectiveness</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 10</th>
<th>Leadership and Collaboration (Dispositions)</th>
<th>InTASC 10; CAEP 1.1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Provides ideas/input when working with colleagues, candidate seeks suggestions and strategies from other professionals to improve practice</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard 10</td>
<td>Leadership and Collaboration (Dispositions)</td>
<td>InTASC 10; CAEP 1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collaborates with other school professionals to plan and jointly facilitate learning to meet the needs of students</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributes to a positive school culture within and beyond the classroom (e.g. attends school and community functions and activities)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Models professionalism through punctuality, dependability, preparedness, professional dress, follow through, ethical and confidential practices</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhibits proper grammar, punctuation, sentence structure, and spelling in all forms of communication and is thoughtful before speaking and writing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applies school policy when dealing with problems and crises</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communicates clearly, honestly, respectfully, and professionally with parents and families and is ongoing throughout the experience</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Guiding questions to reflect on post observation:**
- What was the strongest part of your lesson? Explain.
- What would you change in your lesson? Why?
- How do you know your students learned? What evidence do you have?
- How do you plan to use what you learned about your students today to plan for the next lesson? (Formative assessment/impact and responsibility for student learning)
- What specific examples do you have of growing professionally?
- How have you connected and collaborated with colleagues and families outside of the classroom?

**Goal(s):** List 1-3 standard areas from above for candidate to focus prior to your next observation

**Teacher Candidate Signature**

**University Supervisor Signature**

**Cooperating Teacher Signature**
Assessment of the Teacher Candidate
*(from formative to summative)*

**Formative: Ongoing feedback**
Cooperating teachers provide ongoing feedback to their teacher candidate *at least once weekly*. Written feedback will be given at least twice before midterm evaluations and collected by supervisor (one could be the collaborative observation) and twice before the final evaluation of candidates, again collected by the supervisor. The observation form should be used once before and once after midterm. Throughout the clinical practice experience, the teacher candidate will look for guidance and constructive feedback.

- Utilize the One Teach-One Observe co-teaching strategy to demonstrate and model effective practice for the teacher candidate.
- Share your thinking behind the instructional choices made during co-planning, co-instruction, and co-assessment. Use the lesson plan prompts for support in sharing your thinking.
- Utilize the One Teach-One Observe co-teaching strategy to provide valuable feedback on teacher candidate performance. This can be used in conjunction with solo teaching.

*Communication is what is heard, not what is said...*
Al Ritter, 100/0Principle

Use one of the two methods on the following pages to provide guidance and feedback to your teacher candidate.

1. Plus Delta
2. Observation Form - This is the same form supervisors will use to inform the midterm and final assessment. It is also the same form used for observation #2 (and dual placements #4) when jointly observing a lesson.

*Review the results with your teacher candidate making sure to use specific examples and creating a goal(s) for future instruction.*

**Do not take on the candidate’s responsibility... Ask yourself, is he/she asking you to solve his/her problem? Is your candidate showing evidence of a reflective practitioner?**

1. Use the Plus/Delta form or Observation form to note positive outcomes and suggestions for change
2. After completing the chosen form, sit down with the candidate and discuss the lesson

*How can you guide without leading? Try a coaching conversation...*

1. *On a scale of 1-10 (10 being your ideal), how close was the lesson to your ideal?*
2. *What were the strengths of your lesson?*
3. *What would you have to change or modify to make your lesson a 10?*
4. *How do you know your students learned?*
5. *What have we not talked about that you would like to talk about?*

3. Set a goal for future lessons based on the conversation
**Plus Delta Feedback Form**

A plus delta is a holistic look at behaviors exhibited in a classroom. It helps teachers reflect on their practice and foster improved teaching and learning. The observer notes positive elements of the lesson and notes suggestions for change. At times, the suggestions for change can be guiding questions for the post observation conference. After the observation, the information is analyzed and discussed.

---

**Plus Delta**

Date/Time: 
Content area/subject: 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What went well... +</th>
<th>Suggestions for change... Δ</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Based on this experience I plan to:
Formative: Evidence-Based Journals

Beyond formal and informal feedback, each teacher candidate will complete two structured journal entries via LiveText for review by the university supervisor. Candidates will be asked to complete two sections of a feedback form as part of Journal entry #3 via LiveText. Journaling promotes reflective thinking for the novice teacher and provides teacher candidates a means of recording successes and concerns. Journals also keep supervisors connected to the candidates between visits and help follow up on previous goals/conversations. The following outlines the minimum journaling requirements for teacher candidates during the clinical practice experience (university supervisors may have additional journaling requirements). University supervisors will provide written feedback for the first two journal entries. The quality of the first two journal entries must meet the minimum requirements as outlined in the grading checklist.

Evidence-based Journal Entry #1 will outline the evidence-based instructional strategy the candidate has chosen to research. The journal entry should be a maximum of 800 words and must include:

Descriptive writing (approximately 40 percent of total entry)
Descriptive writing answers the question, “What?” In this type of writing, candidates will state, list, tell, or define information. The purpose of descriptive writing is to create a picture of the chosen strategy for the reader.
- One instructional strategy supported by two or more empirical research articles published in peer-reviewed journals within the last 10 years
- Two accurate citations of the articles in APA format
- A summary of the chosen strategy
- For each article, the candidate must explain 1.) the question addressed in the study 2.) the population 3.) the methodology and 4.) the results of the study

Analytical writing (approximately 20 percent of total entry)
Analytical writing answers the question, “Why?” In this type of writing, candidates will explain, connect, interpret, diagnose, or propose insights. The purpose of analytical writing is to make the candidate’s thinking and rationale for action evident to the reader.
- Justify why you feel the strategy will meet the needs of your students.
- How does the strategy connect to or extend previous strategies you have used or plan to use with your students?

Reflective writing (approximately 40 percent of total entry)
Reflective writing answers the question, “So what?” In this type of writing, candidates will contemplate future action, identify new knowledge, or reach a conclusion. The purpose of reflective writing is to communicate to the reader how the candidate will change and improve his or her practice.
- Reflect on the effectiveness of the strategy
  - How did the use of the strategy influence your planning, instruction, and/or assessment?
  - How did students respond?
  - How did it impact engagement?
  - How did it impact learning?
  - Would you use it again? If so, how? If not, how would you modify it to increase the effectiveness?

Evidence-based Journal Entry #2 will outline the evidence-based assessment strategy the candidate has chosen to research. The journal entry should be a maximum of 800 words and must include:

Descriptive writing (approximately 40 percent of total entry)
Descriptive writing answers the question, “What?” In this type of writing, candidates will state, list, tell, or define information. The purpose of descriptive writing is to create a picture of the chosen strategy for the reader.
One assessment strategy supported by two or more empirical research articles published in peer-reviewed journals within the last 10 years

Two accurate citations of the articles in APA format

A summary of the chosen strategy

For each article, the candidate must explain 1.) the question addressed in the study 2.) the population 3.) the methodology and 4.) the results of the study

Analytical writing (approximately 20 percent of total entry)
Analytical writing answers the question, “Why?” In this type of writing, candidates will explain, connect, interpret, diagnose, or propose insights. The purpose of analytical writing is to make the candidate’s thinking and rationale for action evident to the reader.

Justify why you feel the strategy will meet the needs of your students.
How does the strategy connect to or extend previous strategies you have used or plan to use with your students?

Reflective writing (approximately 40 percent of total entry)
Reflective writing answers the question, “So what?” In this type of writing, candidates will contemplate future action, identify new knowledge, or reach a conclusion. The purpose of reflective writing is to communicate to the reader how the candidate will change and improve his or her practice.

Reflect on the effectiveness of the strategy

How did the use of the strategy influence your planning, instruction, and/or assessment?
How did students respond?
How did it impact engagement?
How did it impact learning?
Would you use it again? If so, how? If not, how would you modify it to increase the effectiveness?

Evidence-based Journal Entries grading checklist:
All items below must be evident and meet professional rigor or journal will require resubmission

Two empirical research articles of a single instructional strategy (Journal #1) and assessment strategy (Journal #2) published in peer-review journal within last 10 years

Correct citations of each of the two articles using APA format

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/05/

Descriptive Writing (40% of the journal) (Answered the question “What?”)

Overall summary of the chosen instructional strategy
Question addressed in the study
Population of the study
Methodology
Results of the study

Analytical Writing (20% of the journal) (Answered the question “Why?”)

Why you feel the strategy meets/does not meet the needs of your students?
How does this strategy connect or extend what previous strategies you used or plan to use with your students?
How will this help your students learn the content and/or build skills?
What are the pros and cons of using the strategy?

Reflect on the effectiveness of the strategy

How did the use of the strategy influence your planning, instruction, and/or assessment?
How did students respond?
How did it impact engagement?
How did it impact learning?
Would you use it again? If so, how? If not, how would you modify it to increase the effectiveness?

Journal Entry #3 Reflection
• Journal three is utilized to provide feedback for program improvement. Each team member will be asked for personal feedback via LiveText.

Summative: Strategies Presentation
• All elementary, secondary, early childhood, and K-12 candidates will be required to give a Strategies Presentation. The presentation will demonstrate candidate knowledge of assessment and instructional strategies and candidate impact on K-12 student learning. Candidates must meet minimum scoring requirements to pass clinical practice.

Strategies Presentation

Administration of the Assessment
Initial certification candidates complete the Strategies Presentation during clinical practice. Two professional educators who are not the candidate’s mentor teacher or university supervisor assess each candidate.

Purpose of the Assessment
Candidates demonstrate the ability to use evidence-based instructional and assessment practices as well as technology to inform instruction and assessment during a sequence of lessons.

Designated Proficiency
Based on the Strategies Presentation Rubric, candidates must be assessed as:
• “Target” on at least four of five instructional strategies indicators (1-5)
• “Target” on at least four of five assessment strategies indicators (6-10)
• No indicators assessed as “Below Target”

Scoring
• Two evaluators, using the Strategies Presentation Rubric, will score the presentation and written summary.
• When performance level scores of the two evaluators are not adjacent on any rubric indicator, a third evaluator scores the presentation using the recorded video, and the coordinator of field experiences reconciles the scores.
• Candidates access rubric scores and evaluator comments in LiveText.
• Evaluators complete training and sign a confidentiality statement prior to scoring presentations.

Scores below the Designated Proficiency
• Candidates assessed below the designated proficiency meet with the coordinator of field experiences or designee to review their scores, plan remediation, and schedule a second presentation.
• Inability to meet the designated proficiency on the second attempt results in an unsatisfactory grade in clinical practice.

Definitions
Instructional Strategies: Models, approaches, and/or practices teachers use to engage students in the learning process
Assessment Strategies: Models, approaches, and/or practices teachers use to monitor learning formatively and summatively
Evidenced-based Practice: Strategy supported by two or more empirical research articles published in peer-reviewed journals within the last 10 years
Technology: Tools and techniques available through a computer, the internet, telecommunications, and/or multimedia
Required Elements

- Successful completion of two evidenced-based journal entries
- Two-page written summary using the required template
- Presentation to include no more than ten PowerPoint slides and not to exceed 20 minutes
- Two video clips
- Digital copies of all above elements uploaded to LiveText
- If one or more required element(s) is/are absent in the Strategies Presentation, candidates are not scored and have not met the designated proficiency.

Preparation: Overview for Candidates

- Review the instructions and rubric available in the teacher candidate handbook.
- Choose a sequence of lessons from clinical practice to use in the presentation. The sequence of lessons must include the use of technology in one or more of the lessons.
- Record the sequence of lessons. From these recordings select two, 90-second video clips that highlight the application of instructional or assessment strategies to include in the presentation.
- Select one instructional strategy and one assessment strategy used during the sequence of lessons. Find at least two empirical research articles supporting the selected instructional strategies.
- Complete two required evidence-based journal entries related to the above articles. These are assessed by supervisors and due prior to the presentation.
- Determine how technology supported student learning and assessment of student learning during the sequence of lessons and provide evidence of this in the presentation and/or written summary and PowerPoint slides. Technology supported student learning and assessment can be evidenced through a candidate’s use of technology to plan, deliver, and assess the sequence of lessons. Technology should also be used to communicate assessment results to parents, students, and colleagues.
- Prepare a written summary to support the presentation.
- Create a PowerPoint which will be used during the presentation.

Preparation: Details for Candidates

Written Summary Requirements (two-page maximum):

Written summary should be prepared on the required template and include:

1) Your name
2) Grade level and/or content area for their clinical practice semester
3) Objectives and/or state or district standards for the sequence of lessons
4) Description of the various instructional strategies used during the sequence of lessons which
   a) Supported content
   b) Engaged learners
5) Identification of the instructional strategy featured in the evidence-based journal entry
   a. APA citations for each instructional strategy article
   b. 100 word summary of the instructional strategy featured
6) Description of the various assessment strategies used during the sequence of lessons which
7) Guided planning and instruction
   a) Monitored and engaged learners
   b) Measured learner progress
8) Identification of the assessment strategy featured in the evidence-based journal entry
   a. APA citations for each assessment strategy article
   b. 100 word summary of the assessment strategy featured
9) 100 word description of how technology supported student learning and the assessment of student learning as well as how it was used to communicate data related to student learning during the sequence of lessons
Presentation Requirements (20 minute maximum):
Focus the presentation on a sequence of lessons and include:
1) Thorough description of the instructional and assessment strategies

2) **Ten (maximum) PowerPoint slides**

3) **Two video clips (maximum of 90 seconds each)** which show the application of instructional or assessment strategies

4) Rationale and explanation for selecting instructional and assessment strategies which could include how the strategy:
   a. Guided planning and informed instruction
   b. Supported content
   c. Engaged learners
   d. Led to differentiation
   e. Measured or monitored progress
   f. Was supported by research

5) Explanation of how technology supported student learning and the assessment of student learning. Explanation must address how technology supported instructional and assessment strategies and how it was used to communicate data related to student learning.

6) Data represented in graphs or tables illustrating student learning

7) Analysis of the effectiveness of instructional and assessment strategies and how they would inform future planning and instruction

Procedural Requirements:
1) To be eligible to present, candidates must complete the evidence-based journal entry by the established deadline (prior to the presentations and assessed by their university supervisor).

2) No P-12 district, school, and/or student names should appear on any digital or paper documents, slides, videos, or artifacts.

3) Digital files of the summary and **PowerPoint slides** must be uploaded to **LiveText** one week prior to the presentation.

4) On the day of the presentation candidates must bring two paper copies of the:
   a) Written summary printed on one sheet of paper (use both sides of the paper)
   b) **PowerPoint slides** printed on one sheet of paper (use both sides of the paper)

   **On the Day of the Strategies Presentation**

   - There is no audience other than the evaluators.
   - Slides are launched via **LiveText**. (Candidates must know their user name and password.)
   - Candidates distribute their written summary and **PowerPoint slides** (paper copies) to evaluators and introduce themselves (name and assigned grade/content area).
   - Presentations are video recorded. The college of Education provides the recording technology.
   - Candidates should arrive at their assigned room 15 minutes prior to their scheduled time and wait to be called into the room. Candidates begin presentations when evaluators signal they are ready.
   - **Presentations are stopped at 20 minutes.** Timer will be displayed on an iPad for presenters and evaluators to reference.
   - After the presentation, candidates log out of **LiveText** and exit the room.
   - Candidates upload the video or the presentation to **LiveText**.
## Strategies Presentation Rubric

There is evidence that during a sequence of lessons, the candidate uses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Approaching Target</th>
<th>Below Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Instruction to support content</td>
<td>Applies and identifies a variety of instructional strategies through which students can learn content and/or build skills.</td>
<td>Identifies a variety of instructional strategies through which students can learn content and/or build skills.</td>
<td>Identifies a variety of instructional strategies some of which are not well-matched to content or skills being taught.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Instruction to engage learners</td>
<td>Adapts and applies a variety of instructional strategies to engage learners.</td>
<td>Applies a variety of instructional strategies to engage learners.</td>
<td>Identifies a variety of instructional strategies to engage learners.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Assessment for planning &amp; instruction</td>
<td>Analyses assessment data to describe patterns and/or gaps in learning and provides one or more examples of how analysis guided planning and instruction.</td>
<td>Applies assessment data to describe patterns and/or gaps in learning but provides no examples of how data guided planning or instruction.</td>
<td>Reviews assessment data but provides no examples of how data guided planning or instruction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Research-supported instruction</td>
<td>Implements and articulates evidence-based instructional strategies.</td>
<td>Articulates evidence-based instructional strategies.</td>
<td>Fails to articulate evidence-based instructional strategies or implements strategies which are not based in research.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Technology-supported instruction</td>
<td>Uses multiple technology tools to enhance student learning during the planning and/or delivery instruction.</td>
<td>Uses at least one technology tool to enhance student learning during the planning and/or delivery of instruction.</td>
<td>Uses technology in a manner which distracts from student learning or does not use technology.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Assessment to measure learner progress</td>
<td>Applies multiple assessment measures to identify student progress within differentiated learning experiences.</td>
<td>Applies multiple assessment measures to identify student progress.</td>
<td>Applies a single or no assessment measure to identify student progress.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Assessment to monitor &amp; engage learners</td>
<td>Monitors student learning to guide instruction and to engage learners in their own progress.</td>
<td>Monitors student learning and uses it to guide instruction.</td>
<td>Monitors student learning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Research-supported assessment</td>
<td>Implements and articulates evidence-based assessment strategies.</td>
<td>Articulates evidence-based assessment strategies.</td>
<td>Fails to articulate evidence base of the assessment strategies used or implements strategies which are not based in research.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Technology to monitor student learning</td>
<td>Uses technology to track data related to student learning before, during, and after instruction and uses this to make instructional decisions.</td>
<td>Uses technology to track data related to student learning before, during, and/or after instruction.</td>
<td>Uses technology to track data, but data gathered is insufficient to monitor student learning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Technology to communicate assessment results</td>
<td>Uses technology to illustrate and convey data representing student learning with parents, students, or colleagues.</td>
<td>Uses technology to illustrate data representing student learning.</td>
<td>Uses technology to illustrate data in a manner which misrepresents student learning.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Strategies Presentation Planning Guide

What unit, content area, or lessons will be your focus?

What is your timeline? Start with the end in mind....

What instructional strategies will you use to support the content and to engage students?

What instructional strategy will you research?

How will you check for student understanding throughout the unit? (Formative assessments)

What assessment strategy will you research?

What will you use as the summative assessment?

How will you adjust your instruction throughout?
  • How will you differentiate?
  • How will you use formative assessment data?
  • How will you involve the students?

How will you use technology during this unit? (During instruction, tracking student learning, communicating results)
Strategies Presentation: Written Summary

This is the required template for the written summary. It can be a maximum of two pages in length.

Teacher Candidate Name
Grade Level/Content Area

1. **Objective(s):** List the objective(s) of your sequence of lessons. These can be your own objectives, state standards, or district standards.

2. **Instructional Strategies:**
   a. Description of the various instructional strategies used during the sequence of lessons:
   
   b. Instructional strategy featured in the Evidence-based Journal Entry:
   
   c. Citations for instructional strategy articles featured in the Evidence-based Journal Entry:
   
   (APA format: Remove following example before adding citations)
   

   d. Summary of the instructional strategy featured in the Evidence-based Journal Entry:
   (100 word limit)

3. **Assessment Strategies:**
   a. Description of the various assessment strategies used during the sequence of lessons:

   b. Assessment strategy featured in the Evidence-based Journal Entry:

   c. Citations for assessment strategy articles featured in the Evidence-based Journal Entry:
   
   (APA format: Remove following example before adding citations)
   

   d. Summary of the assessment strategy featured in the Evidence-based Journal Entry:
   (100 word limit)

4. **Technology-Supported Student Learning and Assessment of Student Learning:** Summary (100 word limit)
The teacher candidate, cooperating teacher and university supervisor complete two formal assessments (midterm and final) of the teacher candidate: one at the midpoint of the experience and one at the conclusion of the experience. The assessments are completed online through LiveText.

When assessing the teacher candidate, please assess his or her performance based on expectations for a beginning teacher and criteria defined on the evaluation rubric. It is important to be direct, honest, and fair. This provides the teacher candidate with the information needed to continue to improve and enhance his or her classroom skills throughout clinical practice.

Assessments are not an opportunity to reveal concerns that have not been previously discussed with the teacher candidate. If the teacher candidate’s performance or attitude is of concern, the first responsibility is to share the concerns with the teacher candidate and the rest of the collaborative team. If you continue to have concerns, it is appropriate and necessary for you to document those on the midterm and final assessments.

Complete the assessment by selecting, for each item, the descriptor that most accurately reflects the teacher candidate’s development. Comments can be made for each indicator and/or overall performance and are expected. A copy of the assessment is on the next page.
Nebraska Clinical Practice Rubric

Teacher Candidate:  
Evaluator’s Name:  
Evaluator’s Role:  
Date:  

Select the cell in each row, which best describes performance. At midterm, the goal is for student teachers to be performing at Developing or Proficient. If performance is scored “Below Standard,” please be in communication with the coordinator of field experiences.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 1</th>
<th>Advanced</th>
<th>Proficient</th>
<th>Developing</th>
<th>Below Standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Learner Development</td>
<td>Uses data about students and their development to adjust teaching and build on student strengths resulting in student learning.</td>
<td>Uses data about students and their development to adjust teaching.</td>
<td>Collects data about students and their development but does not adjust teaching.</td>
<td>Lacks evidence of data collection and use related to students and their development.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 2</th>
<th>Advanced</th>
<th>Proficient</th>
<th>Developing</th>
<th>Below Standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Learner Differences</td>
<td>Identifies students’ needs for differentiation and responds with individualized instruction, flexible grouping, and varied learning experiences to include bringing multiple perspectives and cultural resources to the discussion of content.</td>
<td>Identifies students’ needs for differentiation and responds with individualized instruction, flexible grouping, and varied learning experiences.</td>
<td>Identifies students’ needs for differentiation.</td>
<td>Does not identify students’ needs for differentiation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 3</th>
<th>Advanced</th>
<th>Proficient</th>
<th>Developing</th>
<th>Below Standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Learning Environments</td>
<td>Communicates and reinforces clear task and behavior expectations to students, develops routines that support expectations, and minimizes the loss of instructional time.</td>
<td>Communicates and reinforces clear task and behavior expectations to students and follows routines that support expectations for the learning environment.</td>
<td>Communicates and reinforces clear task and behavior expectations to students.</td>
<td>Attempts to communicate and reinforces clear task and behavior expectations to students.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 4</th>
<th>Advanced</th>
<th>Proficient</th>
<th>Developing</th>
<th>Below Standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Content Knowledge</td>
<td>Communicates accurate content, uses academic vocabulary correctly, provides relevant opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding, and uses knowledge of common misconceptions to create accurate understanding in the content area.</td>
<td>Communicates accurate content, uses academic vocabulary correctly, and provides relevant opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding.</td>
<td>Communicates content and uses academic vocabulary, yet does not consistently provide relevant opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding.</td>
<td>Communicates inaccurate content, academic vocabulary, and/or provides irrelevant opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard 4</td>
<td>Content Knowledge</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>------------</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>InTASC 4; CAEP 1.1</strong></td>
<td>Links concepts to help students make connections and engages students in applying methods of inquiry in the discipline to engage learners in critical thinking.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Links concepts to help students make connections and engages students in applying methods of inquiry in the discipline.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Links concepts to help students make connections in the discipline.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Does not assist students in making connections in the discipline.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 5</th>
<th>Application of Content</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>InTASC 5; CAEP 1.1</strong></td>
<td>Engages students to utilize literacy and communication skills from a variety of resources and perspectives to address targeted purposes and audiences.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Engages students to utilize literacy and communication skills by accessing a variety of resources and perspectives to show understanding of content.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Engages students in developing literacy and communication skills.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Provides few opportunities for students to develop literacy and communication skills.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 6</th>
<th>Assessment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>InTASC 6; CAEP 1.1</strong></td>
<td>Uses classroom formative and summative assessments that match objectives and inform instructional decisions to guide implementation of differentiated instructional strategies to include designing and/or adapting interventions as a result.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Uses classroom formative and summative assessments that match objectives and inform instructional decisions to guide implementation of differentiated instructional strategies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Uses classroom formative and summative assessments that match objectives and inform instructional decisions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Uses classroom formative and summative assessments but may not match objectives and/or inform instructional decisions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impact on Student Learning and Development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>InTASC 6; CAEP 1.1</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 7</th>
<th>Planning for Instruction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>InTASC 7; CAEP 1.1</strong></td>
<td>Sequences learning experiences linked to the learning objectives, performance tasks, and assessments to provide multiple ways for students to demonstrate knowledge and skills to include using data to adjust for recurring learning needs throughout planning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sequences learning experiences linked to the learning objectives, performance tasks, and assessments to provide multiple ways for students to demonstrate knowledge and skills.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sequences learning experiences linked to the learning objectives, performance tasks, and assessments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Provides little or no evidence of sequenced learning experiences and/or experiences are not linked to the learning objectives, performance tasks, and/or assessments.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 8</th>
<th>Instructional Strategies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>InTASC 8; CAEP 1.1</strong></td>
<td>Designs or adapts relevant learning experiences that incorporate digital tools and resources to</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Technology</strong></td>
<td>promote student learning and creativity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 8 Instructional Strategies</strong></td>
<td>Uses a broad range of evidence–based strategies to support learning in the content area and poses questions and concepts that elicit students’ critical thinking skills.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Engagement</strong></td>
<td>Organizes and manages the learning environment for student engagement and personal accountability using strategies that provide opportunities for students to process and articulate new knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 9 Professional Learning and Ethical Practice</strong></td>
<td>Invites constructive feedback, responds positively, and independently sets and implements goals to improve practice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dispositions</strong></td>
<td>Conveys a confident, professional decorum when interacting with learners, peers, colleagues, and the community in small and large group situations to include seeking out leadership opportunities in the school and/or community.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 10 Leadership and Collaboration</strong></td>
<td>Demonstrates professional oral, written, and electronic communication, responds to people, problems, and crises effectively, and communicates with families through a variety of means (i.e. notes home, e-mails or websites, phone calls, conferences, meetings).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dispositions</strong></td>
<td>Conveys professional oral, written, and electronic communication, responds to people, problems, and crises effectively, and communicates with families through a variety of means (i.e. notes home, e-mails or websites, phone calls, conferences, meetings).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Evidence Charts

#### Standard 1

**Learner Development**

The teacher understands how learners grow and develop, recognizing that patterns of learning development vary individually within and across cognitive, linguistic, social, emotional, and physical areas, and designs and implements developmentally appropriate and challenging learning experiences. InTASC 1; CAEP 1.1

**Proficient:**

Uses data about students and their development to adjust teaching.

*This standard is focused on the development of students within the classroom.*

**Observable candidate behaviors may include:**

- Connects lessons to students’ interests, personal experiences, and prior knowledge
  - Assesses what students know, need to know, and want to know (KWL, interest inventories, etc.)
- Modifies, adapts, or adjusts instruction and materials for students
  - Varies learning experiences and activities within a lesson
  - Uses flexible groupings
  - Makes appropriate and timely adjustments within lessons based upon students’ responses
- Collects data about student development and effectively uses the data to adjust teaching
  - Data collected includes information about student interests, backgrounds, strengths needs, etc.
  - Takes notes or keeps records on student learning to determine next steps for instruction
- Creates opportunities to use and build on student strengths
  - This is not always evident within a single observation and may be learned during a debriefing

#### Standard 2

**Learning Differences**

The teacher uses understanding of individual differences and diverse cultures and communities to ensure inclusive environments that enable each learner to meet high standards. InTASC 2; CAEP 1.1

**Proficient:**

Identifies students’ needs for differentiation and responds with individualized instruction, flexible grouping and varied learning experiences.

*This standard is focused on the development of individual students within the classroom.*

**Observable candidate behaviors may include:**

- Implements developmentally appropriate and challenging learning experiences
  - Varies learning experiences and activities within a lesson to meet individual students’ needs
  - Includes strategies for making content and academic language accessible to linguistically diverse students
  - Asks varying levels of questions to promote interactive class discussions
- Uses data gathered to differentiate instruction using flexible grouping, individualized instruction, various teaching styles, and differentiated content
  - Creates multiple ways for students to demonstrate learning
  - Adapts materials and instruction to meet individual student needs
### Standard 3
#### Learning Environments

The teacher works with others to create environments that support individual and collaborative learning, and that encourage positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation. InTASC 3; CAEP 1.1

**Proficient:**
Communicates and reinforces clear task and behavior expectations to students, develops routines that support expectations for the learning environment.

#### Observable candidate behaviors may include:
- Communicates, models, and positively reinforces clear task and behavioral expectations
  - Reinforces and revisits rules/expectations as needed
  - Acknowledges positive behaviors
  - Monitors the classroom climate and adjusts as needed
  - Communicates expectations in multiple ways (verbal, visual, nonverbal, etc.)
  - Exhibits mutual respect between self and students
- Provides verbal and nonverbal signals to reinforce/redirect behavior (smiles, high fives, thumbs up, gives verbal acknowledgement, praise, uses proximity, eye contact, attention getters, signals, etc.)
  - Exhibits mobility during lessons and uses proximity control
  - Is strategic and intentional with proximity
- Uses strategies for transitions that minimize problems and maximize instructional time
  - Engages students in smooth and non-disruptive transitions between and within lessons
    - Uses age-appropriate transitions
- Exhibits awareness of the classroom environment
  - Maintains the attention of the classroom
  - Adjusts for student engagement

### Standard 4
#### Content Knowledge (Accuracy)

The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the discipline(s) he or she teaches and creates learning experiences that make these aspects of the discipline accessible and meaningful for learners to assure mastery of the content. InTASC 4; CAEP 1.1

#### Observable candidate behaviors may include:
- Demonstrates a clear and direct match between activities and objective(s) throughout the lesson
- Addresses student questions and misconceptions accurately
- Uses the academic language of the content correctly and creates opportunities for students to practice and apply academic language
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 4</th>
<th>Content Knowledge</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Proficient:</strong></td>
<td>Communicates accurate content, uses academic vocabulary correctly, and provides relevant opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Is knowledgeable of content and ensures accurate and relevant implementation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Provides students opportunities to practice/demonstrate understanding</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the discipline(s) he or she teaches and creates learning experiences that make these aspects of the discipline accessible and meaningful for learners to assure mastery of the content.**

InTASC 4; CAEP 1.1

**Proficient:**
Links concepts to help students make connections and engages students in applying methods of inquiry in the discipline.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 5</th>
<th>Application of Content</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Observable candidate behaviors may include:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Builds upon prior knowledge and background to initiate new learning</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Relates content to meaningful examples that provoke critical thinking</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Uses inquiry driven instruction to engage students in meaningful ways</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o Provides opportunities for students to reason, justify, and provide evidence for thinking</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Uses questioning to engage students to conjecture and discover key ideas</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Synthesizes content across fields, making connections relevant to students</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The teacher understands how to connect concepts and use differing perspectives to engage learners in critical thinking, creativity, and problem solving related to authentic local and global issues.**

InTASC 5; CAEP 1.1

**Proficient:**
Engages students to utilize literacy and communication skills from a variety of resources and perspectives to show understanding of content.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 6</th>
<th>Assessment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Observable candidate behaviors:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Engages students in applying content knowledge and skills to real world contexts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Develops students’ communications skills through group work</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Guides students in gathering, organizing, and evaluating information and ideas from a variety of resources and texts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Creates authentic writing assignments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Provides opportunities for students to display and communicate their knowledge in a variety of ways</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o Creates reading, writing, and speaking opportunities for students to demonstrate learning</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The teacher understands and uses multiple methods of assessment to engage learners in their own growth, to monitor learner progress, and to guide the teacher’s and learner’s decision making.**

InTASC 6; CAEP 1.1

**Observable candidate behaviors may include:**

| o Implements multiple assessments that measure lesson objectives |
| o Checks for student understanding throughout the lesson |
| o Adjustments to lesson are made based upon student responses |
| Proficient: | Uses classroom formative and summative assessments that match objectives and inform instructional decisions to guide implementation of differentiated instructional strategies. | o Uses assessments to engage student in his/her growth and decision making  
o Implements required accommodation in assessments and testing conditions  
o Provides a variety of opportunities to showcase learning |
| Standard 6 | Assessment (Student Learning) |
| The teacher understands and uses multiple methods of assessment to engage learners in their own growth, to monitor learner progress, and to guide the teacher's and learner's decision making. | Observable candidate behaviors may include:  
- Provides students clear criteria and performance standards by which their work will be evaluated  
- Monitors student learning to guide instruction and to engage learners in their own progress (e.g. goal setting, self-assessment, etc.)  
- Uses data from multiple types of assessments to draw conclusions about student progress and determine re-teaching and enrichment opportunities  
- Analyzes assessment data to describe patterns and/or gaps in learning and provides one or more examples of how analysis guided planning and instruction (questions in debrief after)  
- Adjusts instruction based on student performance data  
  o Circulates and checks in on learning, using the information to clarify, reinforce, or extend learning  
- Reteaches and/or extends learning within a lesson  
- Provides ongoing feedback to engage students in their own learning |
| Proficient: | Uses student performance data and knowledge of students to identify interventions that support and/or advance students to positively impact learning. |
| Standard 7 | Planning for Instruction |
| The teacher plans instruction that promotes every student in meeting rigorous learning goals by drawing upon knowledge of content areas, curriculum, cross-disciplinary skills, and pedagogy, as well as knowledge of learners and the community context. | Observable candidate behaviors may include:  
- Aligns objective(s) to state standards and/or district curriculum guides and resources when planning lessons  
- Connects objective(s) to lesson activities to include the opening and closure of the lesson  
- Uses a model that scaffolds learning (e.g. gradual release) to support all connections to the learning objective(s) within lesson plans  
- Plans, connects, and sequences common learning experience and performance tasks linked to learning objectives  
- Prepares necessary resources and materials to include technology  
- Modifies/adapts lesson plans based on student performance data and student needs |
| Proficient: | Sequences learning experiences linked to the learning objectives, performance tasks and assessments to provide multiple ways for students to demonstrate knowledge and skills. |
*This standard focuses solely on lesson planning as not to be confused with implementation (standard 8).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 8 Instructional Strategies (Technology)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The teacher understands and uses a variety of instructional strategies to encourage learners to develop a deep understanding of content areas and their connections, and to build skills to apply knowledge in meaningful ways. InTASC 8; CAEP 1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Observable candidate behaviors may include:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Engages learners in using a range of technology tools to access, interpret, evaluate, and apply information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Provides learning opportunities by utilizing technology, when appropriate, that relate to the lesson objective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Offers student choice through technology to provide experiential opportunities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Utilizes technology to form connections between content and the real world</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Proficient:</strong> Provides relevant learning experiences that incorporates digital tools and resources to promote student learning and creativity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 8 Instructional Strategies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The teacher understands and uses a variety of instructional strategies to encourage learners to develop a deep understanding of content areas and their connections, and to build skills to apply knowledge in meaningful ways. InTASC 8; CAEP 1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Observable candidate behaviors may include:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Incorporates a variety of instructional strategies that match the intended learning target</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Utilizes gradual release of responsibility and pacing by varying roles within the instructional process (e.g., instructor, facilitator, coach, audience)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Includes inquiry processes that are open-ended utilizing questions that give rise to critical thinking versus absolute responses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Ensures content is accessible to each learner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Proficient:</strong> Uses evidence-based strategies to support learning in the content area and poses questions that elicit student thinking and support critical thinking skills.</td>
</tr>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Standard 8 Instructional Strategies (Engagement)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The teacher understands and uses a variety of instructional strategies to encourage learners to develop a deep understanding of content areas and their connections, and to build skills to apply knowledge in meaningful ways. InTASC 8; CAEP 1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Observable candidate behaviors may include:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Creates a learning environment through organization, routine, and structure for student engagement and learning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Provides a variety of activities that are purposeful to student learning to ensure student involvement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Directly involves students in the learning using active engagement strategies (e.g. partner work,</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Proficient:** Organizes and manages the learning environment for student engagement using strategies that provide opportunities for students to process and articulate new knowledge. | pair share, performance tasks, Kagan strategies, Talk Moves, etc.)  
- Provides expectations for growth and opportunities for students to self-evaluate learning (e.g. rubrics)  
- Creates opportunities for students to demonstrate what they’ve learned through a variety of products  
- Provides opportunities for students to engage in dialogue, share ideas, and form positive working and social relationships with peers, other adults, and/or guests to the classroom/school (e.g. cooperative or collaborative learning) |
| --- | --- |
| **Standard 9**  
Professional Learning and Ethical Practice (Dispositions) | **Observable candidate behaviors may include:**  
- Seeks, accepts, and implements feedback from a variety of sources including students  
  - Schedules regular meetings for monitoring progress with classroom teacher, supervisor, peers, and/or other teachers and asks for feedback  
  - Seeks out educational opportunities to increase effectiveness as a teacher  
- Responds positively and proactively by setting and implementing goals for growth based on feedback to increase effectiveness  
  - Analyzes a variety of data to evaluate outcomes of teaching to improve practice and planning  
  - Utilizes research-based practices to improve practice |
| **Proficient:** Invites constructive feedback, responds positively, with support sets and implements goals to improve practice. |  
**Standard 10**  
Leadership and Collaboration (Dispositions) | **Observable candidate behaviors may include:**  
- Provides ideas/input when working with colleagues, candidate seeks suggestions and strategies from other professionals to improve practice  
- Collaborates with other school professionals to plan and jointly facilitate learning to meet the needs of students  
- Contributes to a positive school culture within and beyond the classroom (e.g. attends school and community functions and activities)  
- Models professionalism through punctuality, dependability, preparedness, professional dress, follow through, and ethical and confidential practices  
  - Poised, tactful, and responsive and respectful to others |
| **The teacher engages in ongoing professional learning and uses evidence to continually evaluate his/her practice, particularly the effects of his/her choices and actions on others (learners, families, other professionals, and the community), and adapts practice to meet the needs of each learner.**  
InTASC 9; CAEP 1.1 | **The teacher seeks appropriate leadership roles and opportunities to take responsibility for student learning, to collaborate with learners, families, colleagues, other school professionals, and community members to ensure learner growth, and to advance the profession.**  
InTASC 10; CAEP 1.1 |
| **Proficient:**  
Conveys a confident, professional decorum when interacting with learners, peers, colleagues, and the community in small and large group situations. |  |
| Standard 10  
Leadership and Collaboration (Dispositions) |
|------------------------------------------------|
| *The teacher seeks appropriate leadership roles and opportunities to take responsibility for student learning, to collaborate with learners, families, colleagues, other school professionals, and community members to ensure learner growth, and to advance the profession.* InTASC 10; CAEP 1.1  
**Proficient:** Demonstrates professional oral, written, and electronic communication, responds to people, problems and crisis effectively.  
| Observable candidate behaviors may include:  
- Exhibits proper grammar, punctuation, sentence structure, and spelling in all forms of communication and is thoughtful before speaking and writing  
- Applies school policy when dealing with problems and crises  
- Communicates clearly, honestly, respectfully, and professionally with parents and families and is ongoing throughout the experience  
  - Chooses the right mode of communication for the circumstance (i.e., phone call vs. email, etc.)  
  - Demonstrates professional nonverbal and verbal communication |
IF YOU HAVE CONCERNS

The College of Education at UNO supports its teacher candidates and their cooperating teachers and university supervisors. If at any time in the semester, supervisors or cooperating teachers have concerns regarding the performance or attitude of a teacher candidate, they should contact the Coordinator of Field Experiences. If concerns persist, continue to share your concerns with the teacher candidate and university supervisor. Please document your conversation dates and topics. See feedback form in cooperating teacher section.

Do not wait to make contact. The sooner concerns are noted, the sooner the University can support the teacher candidate, cooperating teacher, and university supervisor. The College of Education will intervene and take the necessary measures to provide additional support and resources to any teacher candidate who may be struggling. The intervention is not punitive in nature. Rather, it will focus on increasing the likelihood of success.

If supervisors have concerns, the following suggestions are provided as a guide:

1. Discuss the concern with the teacher candidate, being as specific as possible
2. Share the concern with the cooperating teacher
3. Document the concern in writing in order to monitor progress
4. If the concern persists, consult with the cooperating teacher and the building principal
5. Supervisors may suggest one or more of the following:
   a. Increasing the number of observations
   b. Requesting observations by other professionals
   c. Videotaping the performance of the teacher candidate
   d. Conferencing with the teacher candidate and the cooperating teacher
   e. Consulting with the Coordinator of Field Experiences
   f. Drafting a formal assistance plan

If a formal assistance plan is necessary, the Coordinator of Field Experiences will ask the supervisor to fill out a form highlighting the combined concerns of the cooperating teacher, administration (if needed) and his/her concerns as the supervisor. A meeting will be scheduled to discuss the items outlined and what behaviors are necessary to show progress in the areas indicated. All parties, including the teacher candidate, can add to the plan. The final draft of the assistance plan will document concerns, identify the assistance to be provided, and outline specific follow-up actions. Progress checks will be done throughout the course of the plan. This document will be shared with all involved parties and re-evaluated as outlined. If the concern persists after the plan is put in place, the University – with input from those involved – will re-evaluate the assignment of the teacher candidate.

Intervention is not an indication of failure on the part of the teacher candidate, cooperating teacher, or university supervisor. Many times, interventions have addressed the noted concerns and the teacher candidates have successfully completed the semester. If a teacher candidate is on an intervention, the following are suggestions for supervisors:

- Carefully read the assistance plan.
- Be sure to remember the significant dates in the plan.
- Stay in communication with the cooperating teacher and share any concerns with him or her.
- Observe the teacher candidate regularly and provide feedback verbally and in writing.
- Focus on the areas of concern (from the plan) during observations – note improvement as well as ongoing concerns.
- Save all observation notes, e-mails, and other written communication – documentation is very important in these situations.
• Summarize verbal communications in writing.
• Be supportive yet expect to see a strong effort by the teacher candidate to improve his or her teaching skills.
• Observe to see if the teacher candidate carries out suggestions.
• Ask the teacher candidate to observe and take notes as the cooperating teacher models the teaching skills on which the teacher candidate needs to focus.
• Conference with the teacher candidate about the notes they have taken – hold them accountable for doing this.
• Feel free to have the teacher candidate observe other teachers in the building who have strong skills in the focus areas.
• Always assess if the teacher candidate has a mission for becoming a quality teacher.

*Please be informed that failure to successfully complete the assistance plan, as determined by the cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and Coordinator of Field Experiences, may result in withdrawal from the clinical practice experience and a grade of "Unsatisfactory" in the course.

Candidate Support and Assistance

INTRODUCTION
Teaching is a very complex endeavor. In order to be successful teachers, candidates complete a carefully designed program of coursework and integrated learning experiences that build their content knowledge, pedagogical knowledge, skills, competencies, and professional dispositions. The preparation program’s learning outcomes are aligned with the following:

1. The Interstate Teachers Assessment and Support Consortium (InTASC) Principles
2. The Nebraska Department of Education Standards (Rules 20, 21, and 25, Code of Ethics)
3. The Nebraska Teacher Framework and Principal Frameworks
4. Standards promulgated by various professional organizations within specific discipline areas

The outcomes and expectations of the program are described in the Conceptual Framework and are incorporated into the assessment and evaluation of candidate performance. University, college, and program policies govern the operation of the programs. The National Council accredits educator preparation programs for Accreditation of Teacher Education and the Nebraska Department of Education.

PURPOSE
The complexity of teaching is well recognized, and this complexity extends over several aspects of the preparation program. Meeting the knowledge, skills, and disposition expectations at each level is necessary for success in the program. Candidate support and assistance are provided to candidates who experience challenges in demonstrating the knowledge, skills, competencies, and the requisite personal and professional characteristics as they progress through their courses and field experiences in preparation for a career in education.

CANDIDATE SUPPORT

Personal Attention
From academic advising to coursework and field experience, the faculty/staff/administration of the College of Education strive to provide each candidate support for success. Maintaining and establishing clear communication across advisors, faculty, supervisors, staff, administration, and candidates is a key element in progressing through the preparation.

Support and Assistance
At times, candidates may experience challenges in their preparation program. Support and assistance are available for candidates. The nature and type of support and assistance varies depending on candidate needs. Gaining support hinges on recognizing, identifying, and communicating needs or concerns. The College has established
concern/resolution protocols to assist candidates who are in jeopardy of not successfully completing coursework or field experiences.

**Conference Report Form**
The Conference Report Form (CRF) is a mechanism to support candidates who experience challenges in acquiring, developing, and demonstrating the knowledge, skills, competencies, and personal and professional characteristics needed to be an effective teacher while completing their coursework. In a collaborative process, candidates and instructors (as well as administrators or staff) are able to identify behaviors, which may be of concern and, then, initiate plans for addressing those concerns.

**Field Experience Assistance Plan**
The Field Experience Assistance Plan (FEAP) protocol is designed to assist candidates who encounter challenges in demonstrating the knowledge, skills, competencies, and personal and professional characteristics needed to be an effective teacher during field experiences. The field experiences may be an integral part of a course or may be a separate experience such as clinical practice (formerly, student teaching). The protocol identifies the concerns and determines the actions to address/resolve the concerns. The FEAP is developed in a consultative process involving some or all of the following, as appropriate: faculty, instructional coaches, university supervisor, cooperating teacher, candidate, special field experience liaison, and the field experience coordinator working to support the candidate in meeting the requirements and expectations of the experience(s).

**FIELD PLACEMENT ASSISTANCE PLAN**

Candidate Name: ___________________________ NUID# _______________________________________
Meeting Date: ___________________________ Course: ___________________________
Faculty of Record: ___________________________ School/District: ___________________________
Cooperating Teacher/Clinician: ___________________________ Grade/Endorsement Area: ___________________________
University Supervisor/Instructional Coach: ___________________________ Supervisor Liaison: ___________________________

Concern(s)
From the list of standards/expectations below, select the specific areas in which there are concerns.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>InTASC Standards</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 1: Student Development</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uses data about students and their development to adjust teaching.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 2: Learning Differences</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identifies students’ needs for differentiation and responds with individualized instruction, flexible grouping, and varied learning experiences.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 3: Learning Environments</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communicates and reinforces clear task and behavior expectations to students and follows routines that support expectations for the learning environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 4: Content Knowledge</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communicates accurate content, uses academic vocabulary correctly and provides relevant opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 5: Application of Content</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Links concepts to help students make connections and engages students in applying methods of inquiry in the discipline. Engages students to utilize literacy and communication skills by accessing a variety of resources and perspectives to show understanding of content.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 6: Assessment</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uses classroom formative and summative assessments that match objectives and inform instructional decisions to guide implementation of differentiated instructional strategies. Uses student performance data and knowledge of students to identify interventions that support and/or advance students to positively impact learning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standard 7: Planning for Instruction</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sequences learning experiences linked to the learning objectives, performance tasks and assessments to provide multiple ways for students to demonstrate knowledge and skills.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Provides relevant learning experiences that incorporate digital tools and resources to promote student learning and creativity.

**Standard 8: Instructional Strategies**
- Uses evidence–based strategies to support learning in the content area and poses questions that elicit student thinking and support critical thinking skills.
- Organizes and manages the learning environment for student engagement using strategies that provide opportunities for students to process and articulate new knowledge.

**Standard 9: Professional Learning and Ethical Practice**
- Invites constructive feedback, responds positively, with support sets and implements goals to improve practice.

**Standard 10: Leadership and Collaboration**
- Conveys a confident, professional decorum when interacting with learners, peers, colleagues and the community in small and large group situations.
- Demonstrates professional oral, written and electronic communication, responds to people, problems and crises effectively.

**Observed performance leading to the concerns:**
[Describe the cause(s) for concern. Be direct, using concrete descriptions of observed performance or lack of performance. The descriptions should relate to the concern area(s) identified above.]

**Strategies, actions, expectations for addressing the concerns:**
[Provide a list of specific expectations/indicators for each identified concern. Provide detailed, observable behaviors so that all understand the issue and the expected behavior to address the concern(s).]

**Student input/response to the concerns and expectations:**
Why did this happen? What will you do to meet the expectations in the future? [Student may write on this form and/or use additional sheets of paper if needed.]

**Evaluation-Outcomes**
The assistance plan will be monitored for progress. Involved parties will evaluate progress in LiveText and provide feedback as scheduled. Candidate will provide self-evaluation of progress on the same schedule. While the plan is intended to support the candidate’s efforts to demonstrate the expected behaviors, failure to fulfill the expectations and resolve the concerns may result in removal from a field experience and/or failing the course.

**Progress Check Schedule**
[Provide the schedule, time interval, and progress-reporting scheme to all. Indicate meeting times to review progress with the candidate. Indicate, by name and role, who will be involved in supporting, evaluating and providing feedback on the candidate’s progress.]

The individuals involved in implementing the Field Placement Assistance Plan (who evaluate and provide feedback on the candidate’s progress) are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
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*Once the indicators have been met, the level of performance will be maintained through the duration of the practicum, internship, or clinical practice. Failure to meet the expectations may result in lowering of the candidate’s grade and/or dismissal from the placement.*
Acknowledgement
I have had the opportunity to discuss the concerns, state my views, and provide input to the development of the Field Placement Assistance Plan. I will work with the above individuals to address the concerns as described in the plan. I understand the expectations for actions I need to take and the consequences if I do not meet the expectations.

___________________________________________   _____________________________
Candidate Signature       Date

____________________________________________  ________________________________
COE Signature        Date

_____________________________________________  ________________________________
Printed Name        Title

Disclosures
The University of Nebraska at Omaha is committed to maintaining an environment for all students, faculty, staff and visitors that is fair and responsible—an environment which is based on one's ability to meet the necessary performance indicators. To that end, it is the policy of the University of Nebraska at Omaha that any form of discrimination because of race, color, ethnicity, national origin, sex, pregnancy, sexual orientation, gender identity, religion, disability, age, genetic information, veteran status, marital status, and/or political affiliation in its programs, activities, or employment shall not be tolerated. In keeping with this commitment, the University also will not tolerate discrimination prohibited under this policy against students, faculty, staff, and visitors by anyone acting on behalf of the University of Nebraska at Omaha.

Appropriate accommodations are provided for students who are registered with the Accessibility Services Center and make their requests sufficiently in advance. For more information, contact Accessibility Services Center (MBSC 126, Phone: 554-2872, unodisability@unomaha.edu) or visit unomaha.edu/disability.
Requests for Reasonable Accommodation in Field Placements

The University of Nebraska at Omaha (UNO) supports students with disabilities and encourages their full participation in all academic programs, including field placements of all kinds. “Field placements” for the purpose of this document include any practicum, field experience, clinical practice, internship, training, clinic, or work experiences (or similar) conducted for academic credit. In accordance with Section II of the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, UNO’s Accessibility Services Center is the designated office to work with students with disabilities to provide reasonable accommodation so they may enjoy the same benefits, experiences, and opportunities as persons without disabilities.

As in all academic programs at UNO, programs that provide field placements must assess students on the basis of their abilities rather than on their status as individuals with disabilities. Students with disabilities who are assigned to field placements must be able to perform the “essential functions” or meet the essential eligibility requirements of the experiences with or without reasonable accommodation. Pre-placement inquiries as to whether a person has a disability are not permitted; however, a field placement program must determine the essential functions or essential eligibility requirements of its own training program so that students can request reasonable accommodation if needed.

Site Selection

The selection of a field site is a key factor in providing an optimal environment for academic and professional development. It is important to choose a field site with an environment that maximizes the strengths of each student with a disability and can provide reasonable accommodation. Students, in collaboration with the Accessibility Services Center, are responsible for identifying the most critical factor(s) in determining an optimal placement. For example, a student with traumatic brain injury may need a setting that allows more time to become familiar with the site and routine before being expected to interact at the site. In addition, a reasonable accommodation may include identifying a specific site which meets a student’s accommodation needs, such as accommodations related to mobility, transportation, time of day, etc.

Application/Interview Process (If Applicable)

If an application or interview process is required prior to acceptance into a field placement, students with disabilities may request accommodations during the application/interview process. Should a student need a reasonable accommodation to participate in the application/interview process (e.g. a sign language interpreter for any required interviews), the student is responsible for making the accommodation request to the Accessibility Services Center as soon as reasonably practicable in order for arrangements to be made.

Request for Accommodation in Field Placements

Students with disabilities are not required to declare, nor may an institution inquire about, the presence of a disability unless they are seeking reasonable accommodation, as discussed below. In addition, students are not required to inform the field placement coordinator or other staff about their disabilities at any time before, during, or after the site selection process.

However, students with disabilities who will be requesting accommodation in field placements must be registered with the Accessibility Services Center. The Accessibility Services Center is responsible for managing an interactive process between the student and the University, including those who are directly involved in administratively facilitating the field placement (e.g., field placement coordinator, department faculty, or supervisors) and the field site (persons at the field site responsible for implementing reasonable accommodations). The process of providing reasonable accommodation should proceed in an individualized and systematic fashion.
Student Responsibilities

- First, make an appointment with the Accessibility Services Center, Phone (402) 554-2872, E-mail unodisability@unomaha.edu, MBSC 111, as soon as reasonably practicable after you know that you will be taking a course that includes a field placement in order to discuss your accommodations.
- Second, attend a meeting with the Accessibility Services Center and the faculty member and/or others familiar with the field placement site, as soon as reasonably practicable, to formulate a reasonable accommodation plan for that specific site.
- If you have an existing accommodation plan for accommodations in the classroom and you choose not to seek accommodations for field placements – that is your right to do. However, neither your grade nor performance in field placements can be reversed based on a late declaration of need for accommodation in field placements. You will be accommodated from the point in time that you request accommodation but no alterations will be made for performance before the request is made.

If a field placement site is unable or unwilling to make a requested reasonable accommodation or you do not believe your accommodation plan is adequate, contact the Accessibility Services Center immediately, Phone (402) 554-2872, E-mail unodisability@unomaha.edu, MBSC 111, to facilitate resolution to the issue. The Accessibility Services Center will provide an informal grievance process, if necessary. If a site is unable or unwilling to make accommodations, UNO will work with you to provide alternatives for your field placement.

Accessibility Services Center Staff Responsibilities

- Meet with the student to discuss possible accommodations for the student’s field placement.
- Coordinate a meeting with the student and the faculty member and/or others familiar with the field placement site, as soon as reasonably practicable, to formulate a reasonable accommodation plan for that specific site.
- Be available to accompany the faculty member and the student to visit the assigned site if requested by the student or the faculty member.
- Provide consultation services to the faculty, site personnel, and student during the field placement when adjustments to the accommodation plan may be required or questions arise concerning what is reasonable accommodation.

University Field Placement Staff and Faculty Responsibilities

- Add the following to any syllabus with field placements: “If you have a disability and use accommodations in the classroom, please make an appointment with the Accessibility Services Center, Phone (402) 554-2872, E-mail unodisability@unomaha.edu, MBSC 126, as soon as reasonably practicable prior to the first day of your placement in the field to ensure that reasonable accommodations can be made for your field placement.”

- Add the disability nondiscrimination statement to field placement agreements (if applicable).

- Ensure that all students that receive accommodations in the classroom are informed that they are eligible for accommodations in their field placements and that those accommodations may be very different than their classroom accommodations.

- Participate with the Accessibility Services Center in considering the specific needs of the student and the essential functions or essential eligibility requirements of the placement to determine what reasonable accommodation can be made and assist in developing an accommodation plan in consultation with the student and Disability Services.
• Provide the details of reasonable accommodation only to those who need to know, including those at the field site, in order to facilitate the accommodation request, while also respecting the confidentiality rights of the student with a disability. Even if a student has disclosed information about his/her disability or medical condition, that information cannot be shared with others. It is appropriate to discuss only the accommodations that are necessary to help the student succeed in the field placement. Classroom accommodations ordinarily should not be shared with a site unless they relate to field accommodations. Remember that there are ramifications to the improper disclosure of a student’s disability information, including the potential to impact future employment with the site.

• Monitor student progress and contact the Accessibility Services Center as necessary for advice in adjusting existing accommodations or providing new accommodation strategies.

• Discuss accommodation with the cooperating field site supervisors. If a supervisor seems unwilling or unable to respond to the University’s legally mandated requirements, remember that ultimately UNO has the responsibility to accommodate the student, which may require an alternative placement for the student.

• If the student has any discrimination concerns, please advise the student to contact UNO’s ADA/504 Compliance Officer, Charlotte Russell, Phone (402) 554-3490, Email crussell@unomaha.edu, 207B Eppley Administration Building, and/or provide the student information about the ADA/504 Grievance Policy, available at http://www.unomaha.edu/diversity/.
Clinical Practice Overview

The capstone experience for teacher candidates in the College of Education is **clinical practice**. Clinical practice is an opportunity for candidates to apply their learning and demonstrate their readiness for the classroom. This 16-week, all-day experience immerses teacher candidates in the K-12 environment. Working closely with a cooperating teacher and university supervisor, the teacher candidates implement the knowledge, skills, and dispositions they have acquired in their preparation program.

Candidates are formally observed and provided written feedback a minimum of five times by the university supervisor. Seminars and journals bridge the gap between visits increasing communication, reflection, and progress checks throughout the semester. Candidates will demonstrate knowledge of assessment strategies and impact on K-12 student learning in a Strategies Presentation. A formal three-way evaluation with a university supervisor and the cooperating teacher is expected at midterm and the conclusion of the experience. During these evaluation conferences, candidates receive formal written feedback aligned to a comprehensive set of state and national professional competencies.

Associated Courses

- TED 4600 – Clinical Practice and Orientation for elementary and secondary candidates
- TED 4640 – Clinical Practice and Orientation for K-12 candidates
- TED 4650/SPED 4700 – Clinical Practice and Orientation for elementary/special education dual endorsement
- SPED 4720 – Clinical Practice and Orientation for special education candidates
- TED 4630 – Inservice Clinical Practice

Required Text

University of Nebraska Omaha Clinical Practice Handbook

Accommodations

“If you have a disability and use accommodations in the classroom, please make an appointment with the Accessibility Services Center, Phone (402) 554-2872, E-mail unodisability@unomaha.edu, MBSC 111, as soon as reasonably practicable prior to the first day of your placement in the field to ensure that reasonable accommodations can be made for your field placement.”

Eligibility and General Requirements

- Application for the clinical practice must be made during the fall or spring term prior to the semester of the clinical practice. Admission to the clinical practice is by application only. Teacher candidates cannot be considered for assignment unless all application materials are completed and returned by the posted deadlines.
- Teacher candidates must have completed all coursework prior to starting clinical practice.
- Teacher candidates must have a minimum overall GPA of 2.75 in order to be eligible for clinical practice.
- A grade of "C" or better (2.0) is required in those courses listed on the teacher candidate's program of study as professional education courses, teaching area courses for secondary students, and specialization or academic concentration courses for elementary students.
- Incompletes or grades below a "C" must be removed prior to clinical practice in all coursework listed on the teacher candidate's program of study as professional education, teaching areas for secondary teacher candidates, and specialization/academic concentration areas for elementary teacher candidates. Teacher candidates receiving incompletes or grades below a "C" are responsible for contacting the advising office upon receiving said grades if they are planning to participate in clinical practice the following semester. No clinical practice application will be forwarded for assignment until all deficiencies are removed.
- **All elementary and secondary teacher candidates will be required to complete one semester of full-day clinical practice for a total of 12 credit hours.** Candidates will begin with the cooperating teacher at the start
of the school year and typically complete the experience the Wednesday before graduation. As district calendars vary, candidates should plan on beginning with cooperating teachers as early as December or July.

- Teacher candidates completing a dual endorsement with special education will be required to complete 10 weeks of clinical practice at the elementary or secondary level and 10 weeks of special education during the same semester. This only applies to two endorsement areas with one being special education. It does not apply to three endorsement areas, e.g., K-12 candidates.
- Elementary and secondary candidates doing only special education will complete one semester of clinical practice.
- All elementary education majors receiving endorsement in physical education will be required to complete two semesters of clinical practice, one in an elementary classroom and one in a physical education setting. Each semester will be an all-day experience.
- All elementary and secondary education teacher candidates receiving endorsement in school library will complete two semesters of clinical practice, one semester in either the elementary setting or secondary subject area and one in a school library. Each semester will be an all-day experience.
- Teacher candidates who receive a grade of Incomplete, Unsatisfactory, or below a "C" who are withdrawn from any laboratory or clinical experience (including the clinical practice), or who voluntarily withdraw after being identified as a teacher candidate in jeopardy, must petition the Administrative Review Committee if they wish to continue their professional preparation program.

Application Procedures
The teacher candidate must complete an application process prior to the posted deadline to be considered for a clinical practice assignment. The application elements completed via LiveText consists of the following:

- Personal and Professional Fitness Form
- Clinical Practice Policy Sheet
- Professional Dispositions Statement
- Clinical Practice Information Sheet
- Clinical Teaching Application
- Unofficial Transcripts
- Professional Resume

An email will be sent prior to application deadlines with instructions and a link to the appropriate forms.

After completing the application, the teacher candidate must contact the Office of Advising to schedule a clinical practice interview. The application materials will be reviewed during the clinical practice interview.

As part of the application process, teacher candidates must also complete a background check conducted by a University-selected vendor. Background check fees are the responsibility of the teacher candidate. Background checks are screened using the Nebraska Department of Education’s (NDE) Rule 20 and Rule 21 guidelines. Based on the NDE guidelines, a teacher candidate may be ineligible for the clinical practice based on information revealed in a background check.

Teacher candidates have the right to review their background check reports. Background check data is maintained on the vendor’s secured servers. Background check reports are reviewed by the Coordinator of Field Experiences or designated representative and held confidential in the College of Education. Background check reports are not shared with parties outside the University.

As part of the application process, the teacher candidate can list preferences for his/her clinical practice assignment. Preferences will be taken into consideration, but are not guaranteed.
Assignment Procedures
Coordination with School Districts and Buildings:
Because assignments must meet various criteria established by the NDE, the UNO College of Education, school districts, and various accreditation bodies, all clinical practice assignments are arranged through the Coordinator of Field Experiences. The teacher candidate should refrain from soliciting assignment.

The teacher candidate’s Clinical Practice Application, transcripts, and professional resume will be forwarded to a potential district/school. Large school districts require the applications to be sent to their central office for processing. Smaller districts or private schools often process applications at the building level.

In most cases, the application is forwarded to one of the teacher candidate’s preferences (as indicated on the Clinical Practice Information Sheet) for consideration. After review, the district or school contacts the Coordinator of Field Experiences regarding the availability of the requested assignment.

If a district or school is not able to accommodate a request, the Coordinator of Field Experiences will make subsequent requests to other available sites, which may or may not be the teacher candidate’s preference (as indicated on the Clinical Practice Information Sheet).

Assignment Notification:
Assignments are finalized several months after the application deadlines. The Coordinator of Field Experiences will inform the teacher candidate of his or her clinical practice assignment.

Teacher Candidate Expectations

Contact with the School and Cooperating Teacher
Once assignment information has been received, the teacher candidate should contact both the building principal and cooperating teacher. The teacher candidate should:

- introduce himself/herself
- thank the principal and cooperating teacher for the opportunity
- provide the cooperating teacher with contact information
- offer to visit the classroom or meet the cooperating teacher as soon as possible

Professional Requirements
- Wear your UNO ID badge or the school’s ID badge while in the school.
- Complete assignments and all duties on or before due date to include weekly lesson plans.
- Be regular in attendance and punctual always.
- Follow the district professional dress code expectations.
- Reflect continually on performance and regularly discuss progress. Seek, accept, and implement feedback from cooperating teacher, administration, and your university supervisor.
- Protect the privacy of student/family information.
- Know the emergency procedures within the building.

Attendance & Punctuality
- Follow the contracted hours of the school day.
- Participate in necessary conversations and planning to meet student needs beyond the school day.
- Attend outside school events.
- UNO recognizes only two acceptable reasons to be absent from clinical practice – if you are ill or if you have a family emergency. Absences exceeding two will lengthen the clinical practice experience and could result in removal.
• Tardies are unacceptable and early dismissals are not allowed, unless required by UNO or the district.
• You will follow the school district calendar, not the UNO calendar. For example, fall and spring break at UNO are not observed during clinical practice.

Communication
• Check your UNO email daily and respond within 48 hours.
• Follow a proper business format for all emails. These are not personal emails. Here is an example of the format you should follow:

  Salutation: Dr. Smith,

  Body: I appreciate your work on... and I look forward to... and so forth and so on...

  Complimentary Close: Thanks again,

  Signature Line: Peter Jones

Team Development Workshop
The Team Development Workshop is an opportunity for the cooperating teacher, the teacher candidate, and the university supervisor to learn more about the model, get to know each other, and start planning for the semester. Professionalizing the relationship among team members sets the foundation for a shared classroom. Attendance is mandatory.

Clinical Practice Competencies
The Clinical Practice Competencies summarize the first few weeks of critical topics connected to the clinical practice semester. During this time, the candidate will be participating in co-planning and teaching classes to become acquainted with the building administrators, faculty, staff, and students. In addition, this is a time to learn the policies and procedures of the classroom, building, district, and university regarding this experience.

The Competencies Checklist (pages 30-33) is designed to highlight each indicator of the clinical practice assessment as seen within the first few weeks of this experience. Teacher candidates should work with cooperating teachers to indicate when each competency is observed, discussed, and/or completed. Within the first three weeks of the semester, the completed list will be collected and discussed with the university supervisor.

Universal Precautions and UNO College of Education Policies and Responsibilities
Teacher candidates are also required to view a PowerPoint presentation on Universal Precautions and pass a short quiz to assess their understanding of these safety measures. The PowerPoint presentation and the quiz are available on Canvas. They are also asked to sign off on the UNO College of Education Policies and Responsibilities on LiveText. These are due during the first two weeks. Teacher candidates who do not complete this requirement may be removed from their assignment.

Lesson Plan
Lesson plans are to be submitted weekly for review by the cooperating teacher. University supervisors may also request a copy beyond the expectations for observational visits.

Observations
University supervisors are asked to observe five complete lessons for each teacher candidate. Initial observation should be scheduled in advance. The second observation (fourth observation for dual placement) will be a collaborative
observation of the teacher candidate and cooperating teacher. Subsequent observations may be unannounced and should be spread throughout the semester (once a month). Supervisors may use various methods to facilitate the observation process. The College of Education has a standard observation form to be completed by the supervisor during each observation. The observation form is found on page 41. Observations must be entered by the supervisor in LiveText within one week of each observation. Written feedback and discussions with both the cooperating teacher and teacher candidate should follow each observation.

Ongoing assessment
Candidates often receive ongoing, informal assessment and feedback from their cooperating teachers and supervisors. Throughout the clinical practice experience, cooperating teachers often:

- Utilize the One Teach-One Observe co-teaching strategy in order to demonstrate and model effective practice for the teacher candidate.
- Share their thinking behind the instructional choices made during co-planning, co-instruction and co-assessment.
- Utilize the One Teach-One Observe co-teaching strategy in order to provide valuable feedback on teacher candidate performance.
- Provide ongoing input and guidance during planning sessions.

Seminars
Three seminars will be a collaborative effort of all university supervisors to provide an opportunity to synthesize clinical practice and move the teacher candidate towards teaching at a professional level. Seminars address best practice with an emphasis on teaching methods, classroom management, and assessment. The last section of the first three seminars will be structured so the University Supervisor can unpack the information provided in the presentation with the teacher candidate and facilitate discussions of clinical practice experiences. The teacher candidate often finds his or herself in a setting that is challenging both personally and professionally. Seminars offer an opportunity for the teacher candidate to process the experience and connect with his or her university supervisor.

A fourth seminar will be held with the university supervisor’s group of teacher candidates. Teacher candidate attendance is required. The agenda for this final seminar will be for each candidate to experience a “mock Strategies Presentation” in front of peers. Teacher candidates should come prepared to present with finished PowerPoint and lesson plan summary. Final adjustments to presentations can be made after feedback provided by peers and supervisor. Seminars must be held in a location that preserves the confidentiality of the discussions associated with clinical practice. Attendance is mandatory.

Journals
Journaling promotes reflective thinking for the novice teacher and provides teacher candidates a means of communicating successes and concerns. Each teacher candidate will be asked to complete three structured journal entries via LiveText.

Midterm Assessment
At the midpoint of the clinical practice experience, the teacher candidate, the cooperating teacher, and the university supervisor will complete a parallel, midterm assessment via LiveText. The midterm instrument should be completed by all parties and used to facilitate discussion of the teacher candidate’s progress to date and set expectations for the remainder of the experience. The assessment forms are used as a progress report among the cooperating teacher, the teacher candidate, the university supervisor, and the Coordinator of Field Experiences.

Strategies Presentation
All elementary, secondary, early childhood, and K-12 candidates will be required to give a Strategies Presentation. The presentation will demonstrate candidate knowledge of assessment strategies and candidate impact on K-12 student learning. Candidates must meet minimum scoring requirements to pass clinical practice.
Final Assessment
At the conclusion of the clinical practice experience, the teacher candidate, the cooperating teacher, and university supervisor will complete a final assessment using the same instrument and process as was completed at the time of the midterm.

Grading
Successful completion of clinical practice is a requisite for teacher licensure in Nebraska. Completion with a grade of “S”, satisfactory, is demonstration to the candidate that he/she is ready for graduation and his/her own teaching position. A grade will be posted for the clinical practice experience at the end of the experience. The teacher candidate’s transcripts will reflect “Satisfactory”, “Unsatisfactory”, “Incomplete” or “Withdraw.” The following minimum requirements must be met to receive a passing grade. An inability to meet the minimum requirement will jeopardize the candidate’s opportunity to successfully complete the semester. Obviously, a statement of this nature cannot cover every contingency and students are accountable to all existing policies of the university, college and department. This statement clarifies certain areas of responsibility and accountability.

☐ Read and fully understand the policies and responsibilities regarding clinical practice as described and agree to any and all provisions as outlined in the:
  o Clinical Practice Policies
  o University of Nebraska, College of Education, Code of Ethics
  o University of Nebraska, College of Education, Professional Disposition Statement
  o State of Nebraska Department of Education, Standards of Conduct and Ethics for Holders of Public School Certificates
  o Clinical Practice Handbook

☐ Demonstrate professional relationships and responsibilities from the start of the semester and consistently throughout

☐ Implement guidance, instruction and direction given

☐ Assume all the contractual responsibilities and expectations the school/district has of their teachers

☐ Contact university supervisor and cooperating teacher in the event of absences PRIOR to the absence; provide all lesson plans and materials necessary for the day’s lessons; complete the absence form and turn in to the university supervisor (see page 85). UNO recognizes only two acceptable reasons to be absent from clinical practice – if you are ill or if you have a family emergency. Absences exceeding two will lengthen the clinical practice experience and could result in removal.

☐ Attend and engage in all seminar discussions and the Team Development Workshop

☐ Professionally complete the clinical practice competencies on time

☐ Professionally complete and reflect on journal entries on time

☐ Plan engaging, standards based lessons in advance of actual classroom teaching and submit such plans to the cooperating teacher and university supervisor as required for review

☐ Meet minimum scoring requirements on the Strategies Presentation

☐ Demonstrate consistent growth and meet the performance expectations on the midterm and final assessment
  o When a candidate’s overall score is “Rarely” or “Occasionally” on the midterm evaluation from the cooperating teacher or the university supervisor, a formal assistance plan will be started. An inability to complete the assistance plan as outlined may result in withdrawal from clinical practice and/or a grade of “Unsatisfactory.”
  o When a candidate’s overall score is “Rarely” or “Occasionally” on the final evaluation from both the cooperating teacher and the university supervisor, it results in a grade of “Unsatisfactory”. If there is a
discrepancy between the two, the final grade will be determined by the university based on the candidate’s performance throughout the semester.

Transportation
This course includes a field experience that will require students to participate in professional activities at an area school or similar educational site. Students are reminded to be responsible citizens in arranging their own transportation to get to the location and to drive safely around locations such as area schools. Field experience locations such as school buildings often have many buses, cars, children, parents, and other individuals within the vicinity. Driving in such dynamic environments requires special attention to ensure safety. Students are reminded to give themselves plenty of time to find the field experience location, navigate parking challenges, sign in at the front desk, and report to the required location within the building.

Use of Social Media
Read the district/building policy on the use of social media in and out of the classroom. Candidates only use social media for instruction and go through school/district approved sites. Candidates are not to post student photos, work, etc. or use social media for personal use while at school.

Cell Phone Use
Candidates are not to use cell phones for personal use while at school. If the phone is tied directly to an instructional activity and approved by the cooperating teacher, use is appropriate.

Video
Candidates are not to share videos recorded in teaching situations or school buildings. This is to protect the children who may appear in the video. All videos must be deleted from recording devices once uploaded to LiveText, which is a password protected, secure site.

Withdraw
Candidates who are withdrawn from any clinical practice placement, or who voluntarily withdraws after being identified as a candidate in jeopardy must petition the Administrative Review Committee if they wish to continue in their professional preparation program.

Graduation
Teacher candidates should consult the University catalog and/or the Office of the Registrar regarding graduation and commencement requirements.

Insurance
The University of Nebraska at Omaha assumes no financial responsibility or liability for its teacher candidates; therefore, it is highly recommended that liability protection be acquired by all students during their entire clinical practice program. Teacher candidates may obtain an independent liability policy or may obtain liability insurance through membership in the Student Education Association of Nebraska (SEAN) by clicking this link: https://www.unomaha.edu/college-of-education/student-involvement/index.php#sean. If you choose to join SEAN, electronic enrollment is preferred, however, if needing to pay the enrollment fee by check instead of credit card, you may pick up a paper application in Roskens Hall 204.

Certification
In order to fulfill a teaching contract, a prospective teacher must be certified by the state in which he/she is to be employed. Certification by the state is not an automatic event upon graduation and must be initiated by the teacher candidate. Information on how to apply for certification and ordering transcripts is on Canvas in your modules folder. If you have questions, email unocertification@unomaha.edu. Issuance of a teaching certificate in many states is based upon the certificate received in the home state. It is strongly recommended that the Nebraska Teaching Certificate be
acquired even though the teacher candidate may not plan to use it at this time. If application is not made upon graduation, the teacher candidate is subject to any new requirements in place at the time of application.

Career Services
Teacher candidates have opportunities to address their career development throughout the educator preparation program. The Academic and Career Development Center (http://www.unomaha.edu/careercenter/) offers teacher candidates assistance in writing resumes and cover letters, preparing for interviews, and establishing professional portfolios. In addition, Career Services provides information regarding job postings, job fairs, and other employment-related information.

Status of the Teacher Candidate
Nebraska School Laws
RRS 875. AN ACT relating to education; to define terms; to provide for teacher candidates or interns as prescribed; and to provide duties.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska.
Section 1. As used in this act, teacher candidate or intern shall mean a student enrolled in an institution of higher learning approved by the State Board of Education for teacher training and who is jointly assigned by such institution of higher learning and a board of education to student teach or intern under the direction of a regularly employed certificated teacher under the rules and regulations of such board of education and any other part of the school program of which either the cooperating teacher or the principal is responsible.

Section 2. A teacher candidate or intern under the supervision of a certified teacher, principal, or other administrator shall have the protection of the laws accorded the certificated teacher, principal or other administrator and shall, while acting as such teacher candidate or intern, comply with all rules and regulations of the local board of education and observe all duties assigned certificated teacher.

Section 3. It shall be the responsibility of a cooperating teacher in cooperation with the principal or other administrator and the representative of the teacher preparation institution, to assign to the teacher candidate or intern responsibilities and duties that will provide adequate preparation for teaching.

Section 4. Whenever in this act, board of education is referred to and the school that a teacher candidate or intern is referred to do not have a board of education, such terms shall be the person or governing body that administers such school.

Access to Files
79.4,156. Any teacher, administrator, or full-time employee of any public school district shall, upon his request, have access to his personnel file maintained by the district and shall have the right to attach a written response to any item in such file, and he may in writing authorize any other person to have access to such file, which authorization shall be honored by the district. Such access and right to attach a written response shall not be granted with respect to any letters of recommendation solicited by the employer which appear in the personnel file. No other person except school officials while engaged in their professional duties shall be granted access to such file nor shall the contents thereof be divulged in any manner to an unauthorized person.

79-4,157. Any pupil in any public school, his parents, guardians, teachers, counselors, or school administrators shall have access to the school's files or records maintained concerning him. No other person shall have access thereto nor shall the contents thereof be divulged in any manner to any unauthorized person. All such files or records shall be so maintained as to separate academic and disciplinary matters and all disciplinary material shall be removed and destroyed upon the pupil's graduation or after his continuous absence from the school for a period of three years, and after.
The College of Education, Office of Field Experiences will accept clinical practice applications from eligible teacher candidates. The teacher candidate will complete and submit an application. Based on the application, the Coordinator of Field Experiences will coordinate with school and district personnel to make appropriate assignments.

Because of the special nature of clinical practice (it represents an educational experience for the teacher candidate and also affects the education and well-being of the PK-12 students in the classroom), the possibility exists for a teacher candidate to be involuntarily removed from clinical practice. When an involuntary removal occurs at the request of the cooperating teacher or any other official of the school or school district, the University of Nebraska at Omaha can assume no responsibility for the action or for its consequences. The teacher candidate is responsible for following the standards established by the cooperating teacher, the school, and the school district. The teacher candidate must understand that conduct which is considered harmful to the students by the cooperating teacher, principal, or other school district officials will be a basis for involuntarily removing the teacher candidate. Examples of such conduct would include, but not necessarily be limited to: tardiness, absences (where unexcused for emergencies by the appropriate person), insubordination, unprofessional conduct (including conduct within the school environment, outside the school environment, and/or in an electronic or digital context), ineffectiveness in the teaching environment, inability to manage the classroom, and/or personal appearance which does not meet the standards established by the school or district.

If an involuntary removal is initiated by the university supervisor or any other individual, department or committee, acting as an agent of the University of Nebraska at Omaha, the teacher candidate shall be afforded rights of appeal and due process within the University from actions taken which are construed by the teacher candidate as arbitrary or capricious. Such hearings will be conducted in the manner prescribed by the Department and the College of Education and shall safeguard the rights of the teacher candidate, the students in the classroom, the school, the school district, and the University. Ordinarily, the teacher candidate will be advised that his/her conduct is likely to lead to an involuntary removal, and the teacher candidate may be given an opportunity to 1) correct the deficiencies under the guidance of an assistance or intervention plan or 2) voluntarily remove himself/herself from the experience. An involuntary removal may also be initiated without prior warning, however.

In the event of either voluntary or involuntary removal, no University credit will be given nor will the teacher candidate be recommended for certification. No refund of tuition or fees will be made other than those stated in the University of Nebraska at Omaha catalog, which policy governs all University course withdrawals. When a teacher candidate is involuntarily removed from a school or school district by either the district's officials or by the University, there is no University obligation to assign the teacher candidate in a different school or school district. Teacher candidates should note that the College of Education must provide a recommendation for certification in order for a student to obtain his/her teaching certificate. Thus, a voluntary or involuntary removal may jeopardize a teacher candidate's educational goals at UNO as well as his/her professional goals including the ability to become a certified teacher.

Teacher candidates are urged to read and understand the rules and regulations of the cooperating school and its district. Some school systems may require liability insurance. Since the University assumes no financial responsibility or liability for its teacher candidates, it is highly recommended that liability protection be acquired by all teacher candidates during their clinical practice.

Obviously, a statement of this nature cannot cover every contingency and teacher candidates are accountable to all existing policies of the University, College, and Department. This statement clarifies certain areas of responsibility and accountability.
Professional Dispositions Statement
Teaching is a profession that requires its potential candidates to be individuals of integrity. Prospective teachers must be able to demonstrate that they are individuals of strong moral character who can make mature decisions for themselves and for the students whom they will teach. Teachers are responsible for the education, safety, and well-being of anyone in their charge. The University of Nebraska at Omaha College of Education prepares future teachers who show a high degree of moral character and the ability to act responsibly inside and outside the classroom. These individuals must be able to serve as representatives of the College and the University and must demonstrate the personal and professional dispositions of the teaching profession.

Inappropriate behaviors on the part of the candidates, which in the College’s reasonable judgment, violate the University’s Student Code of Conduct, establish a lack of integrity or moral/ethical character, or demonstrate conduct or patterns of behavior inconsistent with the personal and professional dispositions expected in the teaching profession, shall be sufficient grounds for 1) denial of admission to or enrollment in educator preparation programs, 2) dismissal or removal from programs, courses, observations, field experiences, practica, clinical practice, and similar field-based experiences, and 3) withholding institutional recommendation for certification. Such behaviors could be evidenced within the University or PK-12 school environment, outside the University or PK-12 school environment, and/or in an electronic or digital context. Displays or patterns of behaviors may be established by any credible means including, but not limited to, the facts surrounding a record of arrests or convictions or information obtained by the University directly from a school or district official. Teacher candidates should note that the College of Education must provide a recommendation for certification in order for a student to obtain his/her teaching certificate. Accordingly, inappropriate behaviors by candidates could jeopardize not only their educational goals at UNO but also their professional goals including the ability to become a certified teacher.

Candidates who exhibit inappropriate behaviors may be referred for a Conference of Concern to formally identify the unsuitable behaviors, recommend corrective action(s), and determine the candidate’s suitability for continuing in educator preparation. Candidates who have convictions outlined in the Nebraska Department of Education’s Rule 20, Section 005.07A, will be allowed to continue in the educator preparation program or referred for certification only through an appeal to the Commissioner or State Board of Education.

College of Education Candidate Code of Ethics
All teacher candidates, and especially those participating in field experiences, are asked to read, affirm and accept the Code of Ethics found below. Teacher candidates should also carefully review the statement concerning moral character – also referred to as the Professional Dispositions Statement. In addition, teacher candidates may be asked to complete and sign the Personal and Professional Fitness form prior to field experiences.

Candidate Code of Ethics
We, the teacher candidates in educator preparation programs in the College of Education, affirm and accept our responsibility to complete our professional preparation according to the highest ethical standards. We will exert every effort to raise educational standards, to improve our service and to achieve conditions which attract persons worthy of trust.

Aware of the value of a united effort, we will contribute actively to the development and growth of our intellectual and moral capacities. In fulfilling our obligation to the profession, we:

1. recognize that a profession must accept responsibility for the conduct of its members.
2. understand that our own conduct may be regarded as representative of the profession.
3. participate in the development and implementation of policies affecting our education.
4. accord just and equitable treatment to all members of the profession in the exercise of their professional rights and responsibilities.
5. interpret and use research with intellectual honesty.
6. keep the trust under which confidential information is exchanged.
7. refrain from commenting unprofessionally about a pupil, fellow student, teacher or associate in an academic situation.
8. respect the rules and regulations of the schools and agencies to which we are assigned for practicum purposes.
STANDARDS OF CONDUCT AND ETHICS

PREAMBLE
In 1967, the Legislature declared that teaching and the related services, including administrative and supervisory services are a profession, and that this profession shall possess all the rights, responsibilities, and privileges accorded all other recognized professions. In accordance with this declaration, the State Board of Education has adopted standards of professional conduct and ethics for teachers and administrators who hold Nebraska school certificates issued by the Nebraska Department of Education. This pamphlet will briefly set forth the minimum standards required by Nebraska public school certificate holders. It is the responsibility of all certificate holders to know and apply the standards during the duration of their certificate. Failure to abide by the standards may subject a certificate holder to disciplinary action by the Commissioner of Education, the Professional Practices Commission, or the State Board of Education.

A complete set of the standards of conduct and ethics is set forth in Title 92, Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapter 27. A copy of these standards is available and will be provided upon request by contacting the General Counsel’s Office as listed at the end of this pamphlet. If a certificate holder is employed in a nonprofit school that contract shall be taken into account in the application of these standards.

DEFINITIONS
Admonishment shall mean a private sanction to an educator that further professional or unethical conduct is in serious question regarding the suspension or revocation of a certificate. This sanction may be imposed by the Commissioner, Commission, or Board.

Board shall mean the Nebraska State Board of Education.

Commissioner shall mean the Nebraska State Commissioner of Education.

Educator shall mean a holder of a public or nonpublic teaching, administrative, or special services certificate issued pursuant to 92 NAC 21.

Reprimand shall mean a public sanction criticizing or rebuking an educator for professional or unethical conduct. This sanction may be imposed by the Commissioner, Commission, or Board.

Revocation shall mean a public sanction canceling an educator’s certificate for a certain period of time. At the expiration of the revocation period, the former educator may apply for reinstatement in accordance with 92 NAC 29. This sanction may be imposed by the Board.

Suspension shall mean a public sanction withdrawing an educator’s certificate for a certain period of time. The certificate is automatically reinstated at the expiration of the suspension period if it has not expired during the period of suspension. This sanction may be imposed by the Board.

PRINCIPLE I
Fundamental to the pursuit of high educational standards is the maintenance of a profession possessed of high skills, intellect, integrity, wisdom, and compassion. The educator shall exhibit good moral character, maintain high standards of performance and promote equality of opportunity, in fulfillment of the educator’s contractual and professional responsibilities, the educator:

- Shall not interfere with the exercise of political and citizenship rights and responsibilities of students, colleagues, parents, school patrons, or school board members.
- Shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, creed, gender, marital status, age, national origin, ethnic background, or disability.
- Shall not use coercive means, or promise or provide special treatment to students, colleagues, school patrons, or school board members in order to influence professional decisions.
- Shall not make any fraudulent statement or lie to disclose a material fact for which the educator is responsible.
- Shall not exploit professional relationships with students, colleagues, parents, school patrons, or school board members for personal or private advantage.
- Shall not sexually harass students, parents or school patrons, employees, or board members.
- Shall not have had revoked for cause a teaching certificate, administrative certificate, or any certificate entitling a person to engage in any of the activities for which a special services certificate is issued in Nebraska.
- Shall not engage in conduct involving dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in the performance of professional duties.
- Shall report to the Commissioner any known violation of the standards designated by an asterisk *. (See Circular 92-50.)
- Shall seek no reprisal against any individual who has reported a violation of the Standards of Conduct and Ethics.

PRINCIPLE II
Mindful that a profession exists for the purpose of serving the best interests of the client, the educator shall practice the profession with genuine interest, concern, and consideration for the student. The educator shall work to stimulate the spirit of inquiry, the acquisition of knowledge and understanding, and the thoughtful formulation of worthy goals. In fulfillment of the obligation to the client the educator:

- Shall permit the student to pursue reasonable independent scholastic effort, and shall permit the student access to varying points of view.
- Shall not deliberately suppress or distort subject matter for which the educator is responsible.
- Shall make reasonable effort to protect the student from conditions which interfere with the learning process or are harmful to health or safety.
- Shall conduct professional educational activities in accordance with sound educational practices that are in the best interest of the student.
- Shall keep in confidence personally identifiable information that has been obtained in the course of professional service, unless disclosure serves professional purposes, or is required by law.
- Shall not tutor for remuneration students assigned to his or her classes unless approved by the local board of education.
- Shall not discipline students using corporal punishment.

PRINCIPLE III
The magnitude of the responsibility inherent in the education process requires dedication to the principles of democratic heritage. The educator bears particular responsibility for instilling an understanding of and confidence in the rule of law, a respect for individual freedom, and a responsibility to promote respect by the public for the integrity of the profession.

In fulfillment of the obligation to the public, the educator:

- Shall not misrepresent an institution with which the educator is affiliated, and shall take added precautions to prevent or correct any such representation that occurs.
- Shall not use institutional privileges for private gain or to promote political candidates, political issues, or partisan political activities.
- Shall neither offer nor accept gifts or favors that will impair professional judgment.
- Shall support the principle of due process and protect the political, citizenship, and natural rights of all individuals.
- Shall not commit any act of moral turpitude or any felony under the laws of the United States or any state or territory, and shall not have a misdemeanor conviction involving abuse, neglect, or sexual misconduct as defined in Sections 003.12 through 003.14 of 92 NAC 21.
- Shall, with reasonable diligence, attend to the duties of his or her professional position.

PRINCIPLE IV
In the belief that the quality of the services to the education profession directly influences the nation and its citizens, the educator shall exert every effort to raise professional standards, to improve service, to promote a climate in which the exercise of professional judgment is encouraged, and to achieve conditions which attract persons worthy of the trust to careers in education. The educator shall believe that sound professional relationships with colleagues are built upon personal integrity, dignity, and mutual respect. In fulfillment of the obligation to the profession, the educator:

- Shall provide, upon the request of an aggrieved party, a written statement of specific reasons for recommendations that lead to the denial of increments, significant changes in employment, or termination of employment.
- Shall not misrepresent his or her professional qualifications, nor those of colleagues.
- Shall practice the profession only with proper certification, and shall actively oppose the practice of the profession by persons known to be unqualified.
- Shall not misrepresent his or her professional qualifications, nor those of colleagues.
- Shall not discipline students using corporal punishment.

PRINCIPLE V
The educator shall regard the employment agreement as a pledge to be executed both in spirit and in fact. The educator shall believe that sound personal relationships with governing boards are built upon personal integrity, dignity, and mutual respect. In fulfillment of the obligation to the profession, the educator:

- Shall apply for, accept, offer, or assign a position or responsibility on the basis of professional preparation and legal qualifications.
- Shall not knowingly withhold information regarding a position or assign a position or responsibility on the basis of professional preparation and legal qualifications.
- Shall not knowingly withhold information regarding a position or assignment on the basis of professional preparation and legal qualifications.
- Shall provide prompt notice to the employer of any change in availability of service.
- Shall conduct professional business through designated procedures, when available, that have been approved by the employing agency.
- Shall not assign to unqualified persons tasks for which an educator is responsible.
- Shall not permit commercial or personal exploitation of his or her professional position.
- Shall use time on duty and leave time for the purpose for which intended.
- Educators shall be bound to the terms of a contract or appointment.
# Record of Absence During Clinical Practice

This form must be submitted to your university supervisor via email each time you are absent.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Teacher Candidate:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date and Time of Absence:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University Supervisor:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooperating Teacher &amp; School:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reason for Absence:** (Please check and describe)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Illness/Medical:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Family Emergency:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

UNO recognizes **two acceptable reasons to be absent** from clinical practice – if you are ill or if you have a family emergency. Plan your personal calendar to accommodate your clinical practice calendar and schedule.

No more than two excused absences are allowed. Additional absences will be made up at the end of the semester and may delay graduation until the next semester.

**Even if you are absent 1 hour, you will need to fill out this form.**
University Supervisor Job Description

A university supervisor is faculty from the University of Nebraska Omaha who evaluates and coaches the teacher candidate throughout clinical practice.

Expectations:
- Supervise 4-8 teacher candidates per semester (numbers may fluctuate due to need).
- Provide a systematic and consistent presence during the clinical practice experience; communicate with cooperating teacher and candidate during visits and in between visits.
- Provide program information to the cooperating teacher and the teacher candidate.
- Be knowledgeable in and supportive of the use of co-teaching strategies; assist and guide as necessary.
- Set clear expectations; be honest about candidate’s performance and, when necessary, provide steps for improvement.
- Observe and provide written feedback and effective strategies for growth to teacher candidate a minimum of five times throughout the semester (minimum two times prior to midterm evaluation).
- Log each observation/visit in LiveText by using the observation form provided.
- Meet with candidate and cooperating teacher following each observation.
  - Collaboratively reflect on the lesson observed, highlighting strengths and areas to improve.
  - Identify and discuss effectiveness of the co-teaching strategies used; plan for the use of co-teaching in future lessons.
  - Discuss strategies for growth, set goal(s) with teacher candidate and cooperating teacher.
  - Collect two written feedback forms from cooperating teacher before midterm and two before finals.
- Read and respond to candidate journals via LiveText.
- Attend and assist with seminars and participate in planning.
- Complete midterm and final evaluation of candidate via LiveText.
- Guide candidate through creation of Strategies Presentation.
- Attend and participate in supervisor professional development workshops, trainings, and seminars.
- Evaluate Strategies Presentations of candidates other than their own.
- Provide feedback at the conclusion of the semester.

Absences
Teacher candidates are required to contact their university supervisor if he/she is going to be absent from their assignment for any reason (see Record of Absence on page 85). At other times, he/she may have questions for the university supervisor. Although university supervisors will receive contact information regarding their teacher candidates from the College of Education, they should exchange and verify telephone numbers and e-mails with the teacher candidates to facilitate effective and efficient communication during the semester.

Team Development Workshop
The Team Development Workshop is an opportunity for the cooperating teacher, the teacher candidate, and the university supervisor to learn more about the model, get to know each other, and start planning for the semester. Professionalizing the relationship among team members sets the foundation for a shared classroom.

Clinical Practice Competencies
The Clinical Practice Competencies summarize the first few weeks of critical topics connected to the clinical practice semester. During this time, the candidate will be participating in co-planning and teaching classes to become acquainted with the building administrators, faculty, staff, and students. In addition, this is a time to learn the policies and procedures of the classroom, building, district, and university regarding this experience.

The Competencies Checklist is designed to highlight each indicator of the clinical practice assessment as seen within the first few weeks of this experience. Teacher candidates should work with cooperating teachers to indicate when each
competency is observed, discussed, and/or completed. The completed list will be collected, including the Behavioral Tolerance Scale, routines and procedures, and the guided observation form. These will be discussed with the university supervisor within the first three weeks of the semester. See pages 30-33.

Other requirements within the first two weeks for teacher candidates
Teacher candidates are also required to view a PowerPoint presentation on Universal Precautions and pass a short quiz to assess their understanding of these safety measures. The PowerPoint presentation and quiz is available on Canvas. They are also asked to sign off on the UNO College of Education Policies and Responsibilities on LiveText. These are due during the first two weeks. University supervisors have no role in the completion of these. Teacher candidates who do not complete this requirement may be removed from their assignment.

Observations
University supervisors are asked to observe five complete lessons for each teacher candidate. Initial observations should be scheduled in advance. Subsequent observations may be unannounced and should be spread throughout the semester (once a month). Written feedback and discussions with both the cooperating teacher and teacher candidate should follow each observation.

Supervisors may use various methods to facilitate the observation process. The College of Education has a standard observation form to be completed during each observation. The observation form is found on pages 41-44. Observations should be entered into LiveText by the supervisor within one week of each observation.

Attend and Assist with Monthly Seminars
Three seminars will be a collaborative effort of all university supervisors to provide an opportunity to synthesize clinical practice and move the teacher candidate towards teaching at a professional level. Seminars address best practice with an emphasis on teaching methods, classroom management, and assessment. The last section of the first three seminars will be structured so the university supervisor can unpack the information provided in the presentation with the teacher candidate and facilitate discussions of clinical practice experiences. The teacher candidate often finds his or herself in a setting that is challenging both personally and professionally. Seminars offer an opportunity for the teacher candidate to process the experience and connect with his or her university supervisor. One seminar will be held with the university supervisor’s group of teacher candidates. Teacher candidate attendance is required. The agenda for the final seminar will be for each candidate to experience a “mock Strategies Presentation” in front of peers. Teacher candidates should come prepared to present with a finished PowerPoint and lesson plan summary. Final adjustments to presentations can be made after feedback provided by peers and supervisor. If a supervisor chooses to hold this seminar on campus, the Office of Field Experiences (402-554-3482) can assist with room reservations. Seminars must be held in a location that preserves the confidentiality of the discussions associated with clinical practice. Under no circumstances is alcohol permitted.

Respond to Teacher Candidate Journals
Journaling promotes reflective thinking for the novice teacher and provides teacher candidates a means of recording successes and concerns. Journals also keep supervisors connected to the candidates between visits and help follow-up on previous goals/conversations. University supervisors will provide written feedback to journals one and two.

Evaluate Strategies Presentations
All Teacher Education Department teacher candidates complete a Strategies Presentation. Guidelines are in the handbook. University supervisors will coordinate and facilitate mock presentation (practice session) during seminar #4.

University supervisors assist candidates to prepare for these presentations and on the day of the presentations serve as an evaluator. Supervisors are not asked to evaluate their own students.

Provide Closure
Building administrators and cooperating teachers have invested time and energy into the clinical practice experience. Please thank the principal and cooperating teacher for hosting a candidate from the College of Education. Thank you
cards can be requested from the Office of Field Experiences. Thank you gifts are provided at the start of the semester. Some supervisors choose to give this at the beginning and a card at the end. Others choose to save them both for the end of the experience.

**Recommend Grades**
University supervisors submit a recommendation for a grade either of “Satisfactory” or “Unsatisfactory” for each teacher candidate to the Coordinator of Field Experiences. University supervisors should email recommendations to the Coordinator of Field Experiences using the Grade Recommendation Form.

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**GRADE RECOMMENDATION FORM**

**Teacher Candidate**

Please consider the following course requirements and recommend a grade for the candidate’s clinical practice. When a candidate’s overall score is “Not demonstrated” or “Beginning” on the final evaluation from both the cooperating teacher and the university supervisor, it results in an unsatisfactory. If there is a discrepancy between the two, the final grade will be determined by the university based on the candidate’s performance throughout the semester.

The candidate:

- [ ] Demonstrated professionalism in all interactions
- [ ] Attended Team Development Workshop
- [ ] Completed Clinical Practice Competencies
- [ ] Completed three journal entries and responded to the feedback provided
- [ ] Attended and engaged in four seminar discussions
- [ ] Prepared and provided copies and access to lesson plans
- [ ] Successfully completed the Strategies Presentation
- [ ] Demonstrated consistent growth throughout the semester and met the performance expectations on the final evaluation

I recommend that ___________________________ receive the

Name of Teacher Candidate

following grade for Clinical Practice during the _________________________ 20 ________

Fall/Spring

- [ ] Satisfactory [S] (Pass in a course not offered for letter grade)
- [ ] *Unsatisfactory [U]
- [ ] *Incomplete [I]

* If recommendation is “U” or “I”, please arrange to have a conference with the Coordinator of Field Experiences.
Letters of Recommendation

The teacher candidate may ask you to write a letter of recommendation that he or she will share with prospective employers. UNO does not require that you write a letter, but strongly encourages you to do so. School administrators have shared with us that your letter is one of the most valued letters a candidate can share with a district.

The following are guidelines for your letter of recommendation:

- Compose the letter on school or district letterhead.
- Limit the length of the letter to one or two pages.
- Summarize the student teaching assignment (grade, subject area, etc.).
- Describe characteristics such as enthusiasm, creativity, student rapport, work ethic, etc.
- Describe skills in planning, organization, student motivation, instructional strategies, classroom management, differentiation, assessment, etc.
- Summarize the overall performance of your teacher candidate.
- Give indication of your prediction of success of your teacher candidate in a full-time position.
- If you are willing to be contacted by employers, include your contact information.

Once your letter is written, provide the original document to your teacher candidate. He or she will add this to the Professional Portfolio that will be shared with employers. You may want to retain a copy for your records as well.

The following suggestions are offered to assist you in writing a letter of recommendation:
Qualifying words are important in distinguishing performance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STRONG PERFORMANCE</th>
<th>Miss Smith demonstrated excellent rapport with students.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>QUALIFIED PERFORMANCE</td>
<td>Miss Smith usually demonstrated excellent rapport with students</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STRONG PERFORMANCE</td>
<td>Miss Smith managed incidents of classroom misbehavior appropriately and fairly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QUALIFIED PERFORMANCE</td>
<td>Miss Smith often managed incidents of classroom behavior appropriately and fairly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STRONG PERFORMANCE</td>
<td>Miss Smith will do well in future teaching.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QUALIFIED PERFORMANCE</td>
<td>Miss Smith may do well in future teaching.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Miss Smith may do well in future teaching if provided with strong guidance and supervision.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>