SUPERVISION FOR SCHOOL COUNSELORS

WHAT IS SUPERVISION?

Supervision is an intensive, interpersonally focused, one-to-one relationship in which one person (the supervisor) is designated to facilitate the development of competence in the other person (the supervisee)

ASCA Code of Ethics

f.4 Collaboration and education about school counselors and school counseling programs with other professionals

School counselors and school counseling program directors/supervisors collaborate with special educators, school nurses, school social workers, school psychologists, college counselors/admissions officers, physical therapists, occupational therapists and speech pathologists to advocate for optimal services for students and all other stakeholders.

PURPOSE OF SUPERVISION

- Facilitate supervisee personal and professional development
- Promote counselor competencies
 - Knowledge and skills
- Promote accountability counseling services & programs; both a
 - Responsibility & a challenge for professionals
- Serve as a gatekeeper to the profession
- Provide opportunities in learning about the school environment;
 - Vital for leading to effective school counseling services
- Safeguarding clients/students as well as promoting trainee development

BEST PRACTICES IN COUNSELING SUPERVISION

- Supervisors are ultimately responsible for the ethical behavior of trainees under their supervision
- Teach your supervisee proper record keeping techniques
- Review protocols for documenting critical incidents with clients, including emergency client situations
- Address issues of diversity, sexual feelings, and other potential ethical minefields; be a good model of open communication
- Incorporate strategies that are sensitive to the unique needs of your supervisee by appropriately scaffolding their practicum experience
- Remain current on trends, techniques, and strategies to aid in the transition of students from classroom to workplace

SUPERVISION BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINES

- 1. Initiating Supervision
- 2. Goal-setting
- 3. Giving Feedback
- 4. Conducting Supervision
- 5. Supervisory Relationship
- 6. Diversity & Advocacy Considerations

- 7. Ethical Considerations
- 8. Documentation
- 9. Evaluation
- 10. Supervision Format
- 11. The Supervisor
- 12. Supervisor Preparation

TIPS & STRATEGIES FOR SUPERVISION

- Have students build a contract with supervisor (Lazovsky & Shimoni, 2005; Osborn & Kelly, 2010)
- Items to include in a contract (Bernard & Goodyear, 2019):
 - Purpose, goals, and objectives
 - Context of services
 - Method of evaluation
 - Duties and responsibilities of supervisor and supervisee
 - Procedural considerations
 - Supervisor's scope of practice
- Clearly define role expectations of the supervisee and supervisor
- Openly discuss evaluation procedures and expectations

TIPS & STRATEGIES FOR SUPERVISION

- Meet the student at his/her level and then build upon that knowledge.
- Move from very structured to less structure
- Provide timely feedback
- Provide a journal for reflections
- Have a preparation program that focuses on how to handle modern day issues in education
- Observe counseling sessions (recordings or live)
- Make your expectations clear to the trainee
- Provide examples of interventions and techniques that have worked in the past
- Encourage students to take risks and offer opinions
- Give school-counselors-in-training the opportunity to work with a wide variety of students
- Foster an environment where communication is encouraged

RESOURCES

American School Counselor Association (2019). the asca national model: a framework for school counseling programs, Fourth edition. Alexandria, Va. author.

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