Due March 13th

Problem. Show, with proof, there exists a rearrangement m_1, m_2, m_3, \cdots of the natural numbers $1, 2, 3, \cdots$, a constant c < 1, and a bound N for which

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{m_k} < c \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{k}$$

for all $n \geq N$.

Note. Defining the *n*th harmonic number $H_n = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \cdots + \frac{1}{n}$, you may use the fact that $0 < H_n - \ln n < 1$ for all n > 1.

- Partial credit may be given for partial answers.
- Each POW will be due the following week at 1pm.
- Questions? Email: bthorner@unomaha.edu
- Submit solutions to (above email), DSC 210, or DSC 203.
- POWs, solutions, backgrounds, leaderboard available at

https://www.unomaha.edu/college-of-arts-and-sciences /mathematics/student-opportunities/pow.php