

Problem of the week #4

Due February 14th

The Fibonacci word sequence proceeds as follows:

A, AB, ABA, ABAAB, ABAABABA, ...

Each string is the concatenation of the previous two. Denote the n th word in the sequence by $S_n(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B})$, so for instance $S_3(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}) = \mathbf{ABA}$. Note the number of A's in $S_n(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B})$ is F_{n-1} , and the number of B's is F_{n-2} , where F_n denotes the n th Fibonacci number.

Problem. Suppose X and Y are noncommuting variables satisfying the relation $YX = qXY$, where q commutes with both X and Y .

The Fibonacci word $S_n(X, Y)$ will simplify to $q^{G(n)}X^{F_n}Y^{F_{n-1}}$ for some exponents $G(n)$ depending on n . Express $G(n) - G(n-1) - G(n-2)$ in terms of Fibonacci numbers, with explanation.

- Partial credit may be given for partial answers.
- Each POW will be due the following week at 1pm.
- Questions? Email: bthorner@unomaha.edu
- Submit solutions to (above email), DSC 210, or DSC 203.
- POWs, solutions, backgrounds, leaderboard available at

<https://www.unomaha.edu/college-of-arts-and-sciences/mathematics/student-opportunities/pow.php>