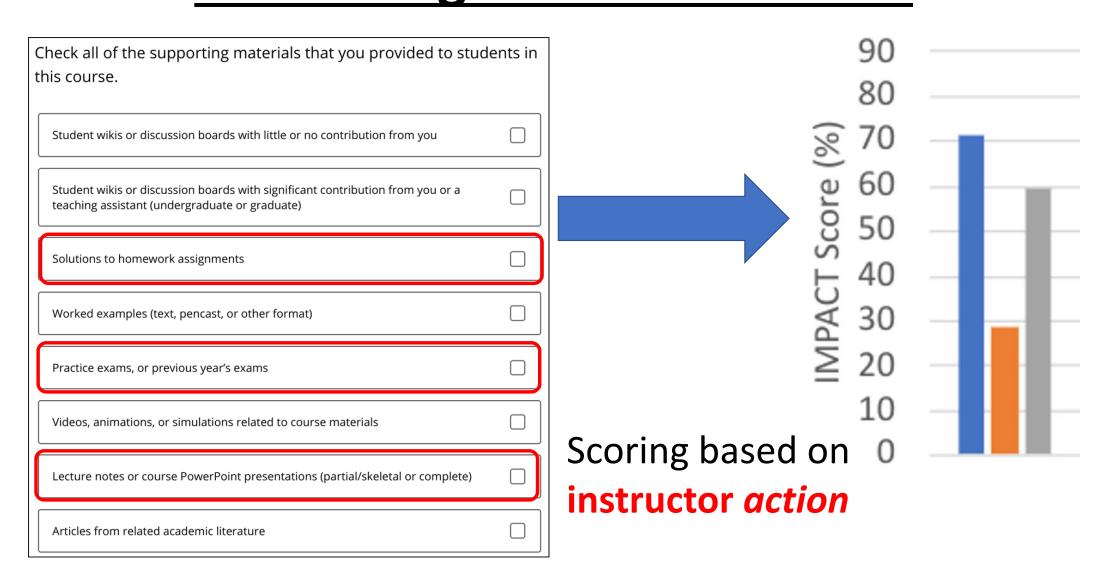
# UNO STEM TRAIL CENTER

We present progress in developing a student evaluation of teaching (SET) inventory that reduces bias, is instructoractionable, and reliable across student evaluators. We started with the Faculty Inventory of Methods and Practices Associated with Competent Teaching (F-IMPACT), which is a validated instructor self-report. Language was modified to turn the F-IMPACT into a **student observation protocol** called the S-IMPACT. Initial face validity has been established via focus groups and surveys. Convergent validity has been established with the Classroom Observation Protocol for Undergraduate STEM (COPUS). Preliminary results show higher use of HIPs by minorities and/or women, as expected from the literature.

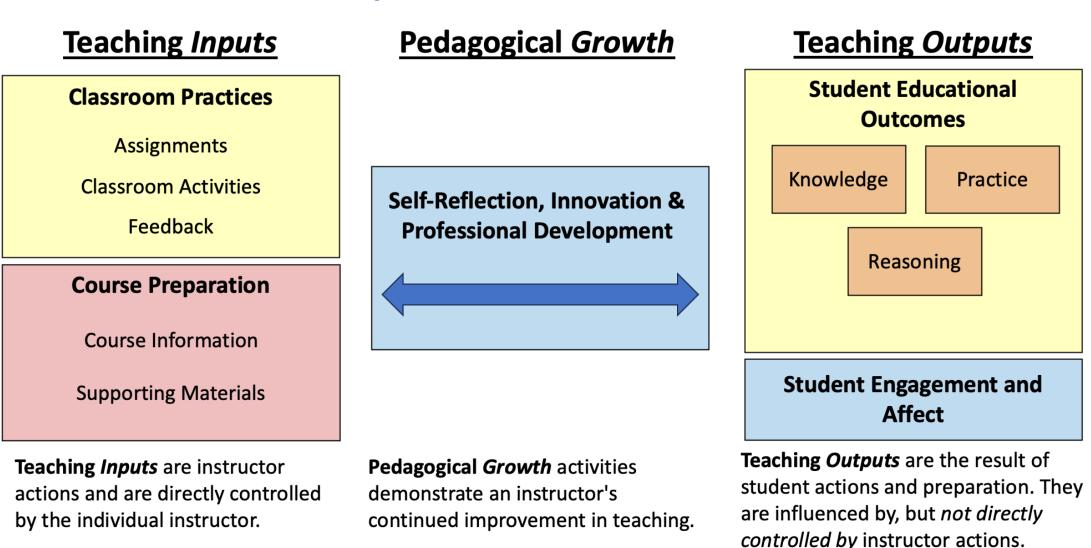
#### **Research Questions**

- Can students serve as reliable observers of HIPs?
- Can we measure instructional style at scale for low cost?

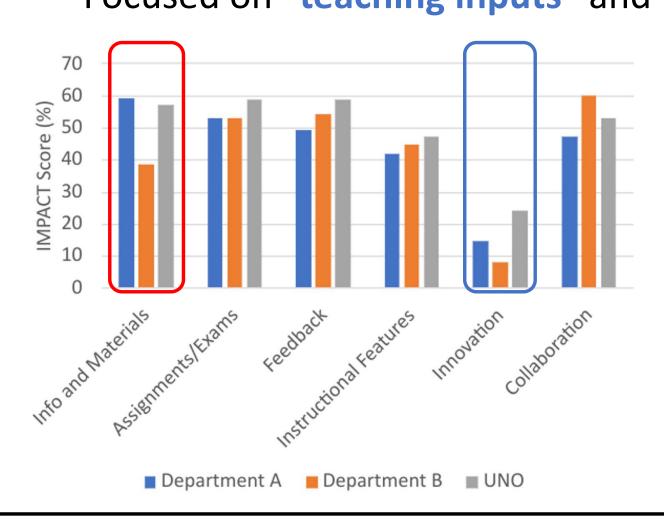
#### Measuring Instructor Action



- Inventory of Methods and Practices Associated with Competent Teaching (IMPACT) - measures faculty action
- Modified from the Teaching Practices Inventory (TPI)
- Validated for in-person and online courses



- Based on an Inputs-Mediators-Outputs model
- Focused on "teaching inputs" and "pedagogical growth"



Identify areas of strength and needs improvement at an individual, department, and institutional level

# Reducing implicit bias in student evaluations: observations of high-impact classroom practices

Christopher Moore<sup>1,2</sup>, Tracie Reding<sup>1</sup>, and Ashley Gartner<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>University of Nebraska Omaha, STEM TRAIL Center <sup>2</sup>University of Nebraska Omaha, Physics Department



# How do we measure IMPACT?

# Scholarly

Based on the scholarship Focused on teaching of teaching and learning across diverse fields

# Actionable

practices with metrics that guide constructive action





#### Equitable

Reduces implicit bias through observation of what faculty **do**, not who they are or their affect

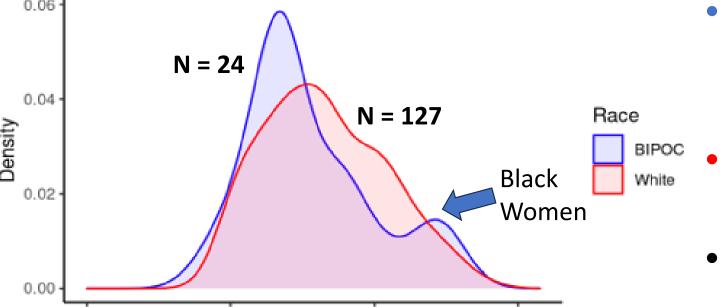
#### Reliable

Consistent results so that instructors know change will make a difference

NSF DUE #2021315

#### F-IMPACT Construct Validity Department 1 0.05 Social Science Department 2 N = 21N = 72/N = 11**Didactic** N = 99**Student Department Centered** Department F-IMPACT Score Department 3 N = 20Woman N = 77Student **Didactic** N = 74**Centered Faculty Faculty** F-IMPACT Score F-IMPACT Score

- Comparing STEM and Social Science courses
- Faculty known for "didactic" instruction (Department 1) and "student centered" instruction (Department 2)
- Department w/ mix of "didactic" and "student centered"



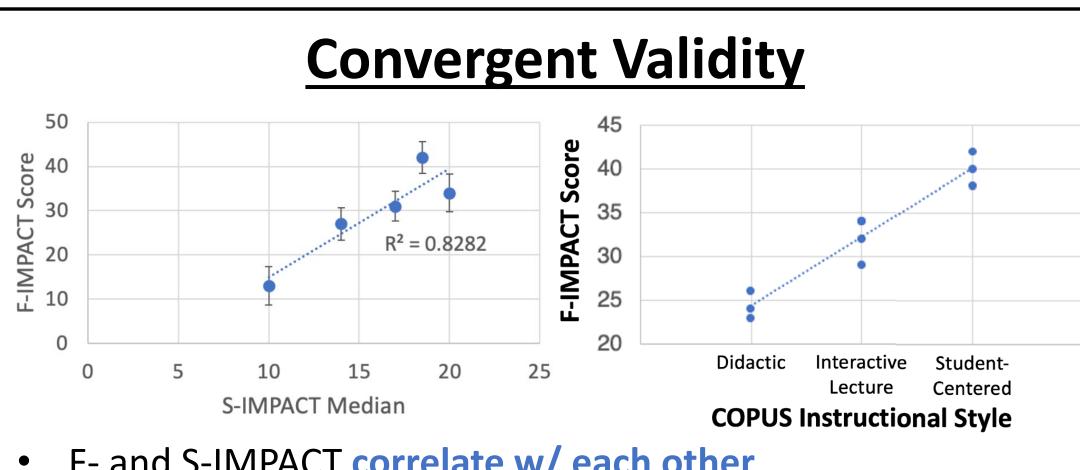
F-IMPACT Score

- Women are more likely to use HIPS in their courses
- **Black women have** highest use of HIPS
- Matches literature, reduced bias

#### S-IMPACT Reliability and Validity **Course 1 (Didactic) Course 2 (Student Centered)** N = 65N = 39mean = 32.7 mean = 20.9sd = 6.3sd = 5.9skew = 0.9skew = -1.3kurtosis = 1.1 kurtosis = 3.1 Doing Stude Listening **Group Work** Listening Work Groups Test/Quiz 2 COP Meeting Lecturing **Groups** ■ Pose Questions ■ Meeting Groups

- S-IMPACT demonstrates **normalized distributions** with low skew and kurtosis – reliable
- Results correlated with expert COPUS observations valid

Students *can* be reliable observers of evidence-based classroom practices.

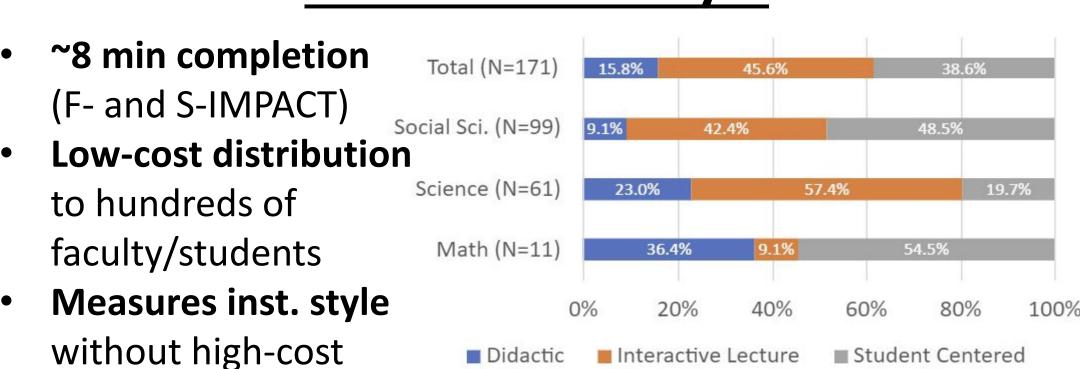


F- and S-IMPACT correlate w/ each other

expert observers

F- and S-IMPACT correlate w/ COPUS "instructional style"

# **Instructional Style**



We *can* measure instructional style at scale

Learn more: stemtrail.unomaha.edu NSF DUE #2021315, #2417479

